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#### Prince Hassan receives Ali Nasser

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Saturday received at the Royal Court former South Yemeni President Ali Nasser Mohammad, who commended Jordan's role in healing rifts among Arab countries. Prince Hassan and Mr. Nasser discussed means of enhancing inter-Arab relations. The meeting was allended by the Crown Prince's private advisor Mohammad Al Saggaf.

Number 5974



AMMAN SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1995, SAFAR 24, 1417

#### King receives envoys

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Saturday received at the Royal Court an envoy from Polish President Lech Walesa, Witold Jurasz, who conveyed to the King a written message dealing with Jordanian-Polish relations. Mr. Walesa stressed in his message the depth of relations betteen Jordan and Poland and called for further cooperation and coordination between the two countries. Mr. Jurasz voiced his country's support for the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty and the Middle East peace process. The meeting was attended by the Polish Charge D'affaires in Amman, Edmund Pawlak. King Hussein also met with Japanese Ambassador to the U.N. Hishashi Owada and reviewed with him Jordanian-Japanese relations and means of enhancing them. Mr. Owada is currently in Jordan to attend the meetings of the Consultative Committee of the United Nations University (UNU) Leadership Academy which will convene in Amman this week. Jordan and the UNU signed an agreement to establish the Academy in Amman April 24. The Leadership Academy in Amman will provide training and education for potential political leaders from around the globe.

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

# Mubarak: PLO wants part of Golan Palestinian, Israeli talks stall; deadline will be missed

GAZA (R) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) chief negotiator Ahmad Oourea said on Saturday that a Tuesday signing deadline for a deal with Israel on expanding Palestinian West Bank selfrule would be missed.

Volume 19

"We will resume talks tomorrow at a Dead Sea resort ... after one week we will assess the results ... We are so far from (meeting) the July 25 date. We still \*need more time to conclude the .accord,' Mr. Qourea told Reuters.

Israeli officials warned a window of opportunity might be missed if a deal was not concluded by month's end.

Environment Minister Yossi Sarid told Israel's army tadio: "I do not believe it's possible to sign on the 25th ... I hope (it will be signed) at the end of this week, because if it is not signed, I'm afraid the list of problems will only leng-

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, in remarks made on Friday and broadcast by radio on Satutday,

"America and Europe are two 11-month continents: August does not exist for them. If we do not sign by the end of this month, it will be postponed for a long time." He did not elaborate.

Mr. Qourea said: "If the intentions are good, I be lieve we can bridge some of the basic gaps and if we do next week, we will be able to conclude an agreement."

Later PLO chief Yasser Arafat, speaking to reporers in Gaza after meeting Argentinian Foreign Minis-

ter Guido di Tella, said: "The gap is still wide." Asked about the July 25 deadline, he said: "We hope they will be commit-

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

'AMMAN - A senior

Palestinian official Satur-

day said Israel needs to

give the Palestinians total

authority in the West Bank

and Gaza in order for the

Palestinians to give Israel

total security and warned

that Palestinians should not

expect an instant western-

style democratic govern-

ment in the future Palesti-

Faisal Husseini, the Palestinian National Au-

thority official responsible

for Jerusalem, said the fu-

ture regime in the future

Palestinjan state would not

be any different from those

nian state.

ted to what has been

The second stage of the 1993 PLO-Israel peace deal Israeli troop redeployment away from West Bank Arab population centres and Palestinian elections is a year behind schedule.

After week-long talks at the northern Israeli town of Zichron Yaacov adjourned on Friday, Mr. Qourea said "crucial" gaps on water, troop redeployment, and security arrangements re-

The sides had set July 1 as a target for concluding the West Bank accord. When that deadline passed, they set July 25 as the signing date for the deal. The first stage, Palestinian autonomy in Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho, began in May 1994.

The PLO insists that the Israeli army pull out from all West Bank cities, villages and refugee camps.

Israel says it is ready to withdraw from some Palestinian towns and villages, but insists on keeping control of areas close to Jewish settlements, including in Hebron, the only Palestinian town with settlers living in it.

Palestinian authority local government head Saeb Erekat called Jewish settiers protesting expansion of self-rule a "time bomb." Settlers fired shots, stoned Arab cars and scuffled with police on Friday while blocking 15 West Baok

Israeli media have reported Mr. Arafat agreed at a meeting with Mr. Peres in Egypt on Wednesday to delay water rights talks until

final status negotiations. Mr. Qourea said Saturday: "We will not accept at all the postponement of redeployment from Hebron or to postpone any of the interim issues to the final status (talks).

Israel radio said on Satur-

Husseini calls on Israel

to give Palestinians full

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Mr. Peres in the coming week. It gave no date. Mr. Qourea said no

> Another Palestinian official, Tayib Abdul Rahim, told Reuters there was an Israeli offer — still unsatisfactory to the PLO - to release 2,541 of the 5,500 Palestinians Israel holds in two stages under a West

> > Israel said on Thursday it would free up to 1,000 prisoners on the accord signing. The PLO demands all prisoners be freed.

such meetings were planned

In Cairo, President Hosni Mubarak was quoted as saying that the PLO wants a part of the Golan Heights which Syria is trying to get back from Israel.

... Palestinians have announced that there is part of the Golan called the Palestinian Golan and both the Palestinians and Syrians are in disagreement over that," Mr. Mubarak said in remarks to be published on Sunday in the semi-official Al Ahram.

It was the first such revelation about a Palestinian claim in the Syrian Golan Heights, captured by Israel in the 1967 Arab-Israeli war. There was no immediate confirmation from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Mr. Mubarak said that

the disagreement was over what is called the "June 5 line," a reference to the day

the war began. "There are some problems in defining this line " Mr. Mubarak said.

He did not say how much land the Palestinians were claiming but said "the solution was for all parties to go back to the border lines before June 5, 1967,"

"Then when the issue becomes inter-Arab ... it will be easier to solve it," he



### Ben Alawi meets King, ends visit

AMMAN (Petta) - His Majesty King Hussein re-ceived at the Royal Court Saturday Omani Minister of Foreign Affairs Yousef Ben Alawi (above) and teviewed with him Omani Jordanian relations.

King Hussein stressed the need for joint Arab action for re-building bridges of confidence and enhancing brotherly ties among Arab states so that they can deal with common issues and work for a better future for the future generations. The Omani envoy con-

veved a message to the King from Sultan Oaboos of Oman at the meeting which was attended by Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti.

Eatlier Mr. Ben Alawi met with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and reviewed Omani Jordanian telations and joint Omani Jordanian endeavours to end differences among Arab countries.

Mt. Ben Alawi paid tribute to Jordan for its own efforts in this regard noting that they are in concert with those efforts exerted by Oman,

The minister also met Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaket and Mt. Kabatiti and teviewed with them regional and international issues of common concern to Jordan and Oman in addition to the situation in Bosnia.

Mr. Ben Alawi later left Amman for home and was seen off at the airport by Mr. Kabariti and other foreign ministry officials.

### King urges firm stand on crisis in Bosnia

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein on Saturday stressed Jordan's total rejection of ethnic conflicts everywhere and called for a firm stand by the international community on the problem of Bosnia-Herze-

In an interview with the lable News Network (CNN), His Majesty said he and the Jordanian people would not save an effort in offering everything possible to resolve the Bosnian crisis. He said the situation in the former Yugoslav republic is unprecedented in the history of the world.

We are seeing something that the world bas never witoessed before - ethnic cleansing, teligious intolerance; all these are things that are utterly repulsive to us and we are deeply moved." Describing the situation in

Bosnia-Herzegovina as a reminder of the Holocaust, he said Jordan was extremely worried over what is bappening in the republic and that the whole Jordanian people have expressed their

true feelings on the situation by their attempts to raise funds to help the victims of the war.

The king said he felt solutions offered to resolve the crisis seem to be at the expense of the victimised side and voiced his belief that such settlements might be the cause of influences by some U.N. Security Council members, especially Russia.

"With all due respect. I think that there is a lot of appeasement to, unfortunately, the aggressor at the expense of the victim and possibly this is connected with the situation in between some of the permanent members of the Security Council, in particular, Rnssia's view seems to have a certain effect on what bappens or does not bappen

The King added that there was an attempt on the part of Russia to equating the victim and the aggressor..this cannot happen; something must happen to show that

(Continued on page 7)

# Jordan protests at 'vague' Russian stand on Bosnia

AMMAN (Agencies) — Jordan on Saturday voiced dissatisfaction with the "vague" Russian stand regarding the question of Bosnia and the ongoing Serb aggression on Bosnian

Muslim people. Foreign Ministet Abdul Katim Kabatili said he made the Kingdom's views known to Moscow during talks in Amman with Russian Deputy Foreign Minis-

ter Viktor Possuvalyuk. "I informed Possuvalvuk about Amman's discontent regarding the vague Russian stance on Bosnia and the Setb aggression on this peaceful people." Mr. Kabariti told teporters following the talks.

"We stressed the need for a clearcul (Russian) stance in line with United Nations pertinent resolutions and international legitimacy." he added.

Russia on Friday opposed the use of airstrikes against Bosnian Serbs, proposed by the Un-

tional conference on the crisis in London.

Mr. Possuvalvuk said he would pass on Jordan's concern to the Russian government after the talks. which centred on tegional and international developments and the question of lifting international sanc-

tions on Itaq. officials said. Mr. Possuvalyuk. Ptesident Boris Yeltsin's special Middle East envoy, said the talks also revolved around improving bilateral ties and preparations for a regional economic summit in Amman, scheduled for

late October.

"I also briefed Kabariti on talks I held recently in Baghdad." he added in Arabic. The Russian envoy vi-

sited Kuwait and Iraq lası week, and laid the ground

for a projected visit to the two states by Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev. "Russia regards positive-

ly Iraqi sieps with regard to

tions resolutions," he said. We utge Iraq to pursue efforts towards implementing all pertinent re-solutions," a U.S. prerequisite to lifting the fiveyear-old sanctions.

On Friday. His Majesty King Hussein said he would join peacekeepers in the former Yugoslavia to demonstrate growing frustration with the continued fighting in Bosnia and the international community's inability to halt it.

Jordan Friday launched a television talk show, which has raised more than 4.5 million dinars (\$6.5 million) to aid Bosnian re-

fugees. The Russian envoy said he also briefed Mr. Kabariti on deliberations during a two day conference held in Moscow which discussed prospects for the establishment of a Middle East Development Bank and the procedures for its establish-

#### Peacekeepers prepare for Zepa's fall SARAJEVO (AFP) - Bosfrom Sarajevo did not arrive.

nian Serb forces kept up their bombardment of the U.N. safe area of Zepa Saturday as peacekeepers tried to prepare to handle a new flood of

Bosnian Serb artillery and tanks fired on Zepa. a small town in eastern Bosnia, throughout much of Saturday. U.N. officials reported.
"The reality is, it is just a

matter of time (before Zepa falls). It's too late to be saved," a U.N. official said. "Our efforts are limited to

making this fall a little bettet than Stebrenica so there's a humane and civil way for people to leave." said a U.N. spokesperson who asked to temain anonymous. Even these minimal efforts

however were thwarted by Bosnian Serb intransigence. Attempts on Saturday to get a U.N. delegation to travel to the enclave came to nothing. The delegation was turned back on Friday.

"Because of the situation we will not get Bosnian Serb consent." a U.N. spokeswoman said.

Local Bosnian defenders have threatened to attack Ukrainian peacekeepers in the town if a U.N. delegation There were no reports that this had happened. Officials predicted that it

was just a matter of time before the Bosnian Serbs run out of patience. "They can enter the town any time they want and there's only so long the BiH (Bosnian government army) can hold out. They can make life ptetty uncomfortable and they are keeping the pressure up, one official said.

Bosnian Serb army commander General Ratko Miadic has demanded the town surrender ot face further attacks after negotiations to evacuate women and children in exchange for being allowed

to take draft-age men prisoner broke down Friday. Observers speculated that the forces in the town are trying to buy nime so people can escape across moun- : tainous terrain to the west. U.N. officials mentioned

reports emerging of Bosnian army troops giving covering fire to soldiers from Srebrentca arriving in northeastern Bosnia country after trekking across Serb-held territory. The shelling of Zepa comes

(Continued on page 7)

# Syria calls for active U.S. role in peace talks

Israel and Syrian ambassadors so that an agreement can be reached.

Thawra said.

Official Syrian tadiu said the announcement of ambassador-level talks in Washington with U.S. participation "puts an end th Israel's games and its attempts to block the peace process based on exchanging land for peace.'

The tadio also reiterated Syria's position that it will not allow Israel early warning stations on the Golun Heightsafter any withdrawal from the strategic plateau, which the Jewish state has occupied

negotiations between Syria and Israel."

10 ambassador level talks in Washington, without providing an exact date. In Tel Aviv. Foreign Minister Shimon Petes said Friday that Israel would not

"We do not want to be and definitely do not want to appear to he the side that is hreaking off the negotia-Mr. Percs said on Israel Radio.

envoy to the Middle East Dennis Ross failed to reach an agreement from Syria for further meetings between Syrian and Israeli military

The military officers were

The central sticking point in Israeli-Syrian talks is the future of the Golan Heights.

strategic plateau in exchange for peace. Israel has indicated willingnes to pull back on the Golan, but has yet to define borders.

accord with Syria, the daily, Haaretz said.

Mr. Rabin said he would not repeat mistakes made in the 1979 peace treaty with Egypt, when Israel returned the Sinai desert for peace.

out any presence in the Sinai and we were not given a warning station. Mr. Rabin said, according to Haaretz. Syria has reportedly offered an aerial early warn-

Asked ahout possible flexibility on the issue. Mr. Peres said. "we are standing by what we proposed."

### **Egyptian court renews** detention of Muslim **Brotherhood members**

CAIRO, Egypi (AP) — An Egyptian state security court on Saturday tenewed the detention of eight members of Egypi's largest fundamentalisi group imprisoned since January and freed four others.

on the group, the Muslim Brotherhood by rounding up 28 members last January and accusing them of plotting to overshrow the government. Last week, police arrested 19 Brotherhood officials most of them members of the group's consultative council.

Police began a crackdown

the main leadership body on similar accusations. The number remaining in prison is unclear, because police have freed several members only to detain them again Despite repeated accusations by government

officials, none of the suspects has been officially charged. Although the Brotherhood has renounced violence, the government has accused it of supporting the Islamic radicals who are seeking to unseat President Hosni Mubarak's secular government and replace it with Islamic rule. Brotherhood officials have

said the artests are merely a way to discredit the group before next fall's parliamentary elections in which it

hopes to run candidates. Mamoun Hodelby, a spokesman for the Brotherhood, said the latest roundup was aimed at justifying extending the detention of the January suspects.

Police linked the new suspects to those already detained and said they had evidence they had ties with Sudanese leaders whom Egypt has blamed for an assassination attempt last month on Mr. Mubarak.

"The police plan has succeeded in pressuring the court to renew the detentions." Mr. Hodeiby told the Associated Press.

The detention of the eight was renewed for 45 days. Such jailing of suspects during investigations - and before charges are filed - is often done in Egypt.

Under the state-ofemergency law, in force since 1981 when Muslim militants killed President Anwar Sadat, state prosecution cannot detain suspects without charging them for more than six months. But prosecutor can refer the case to a court, which has the right to renew the detentions.

The Muslim Brotherhood is officially outlawed, but the

(Continued on page 7)

y item because no in solid in the other Arab coun-The Palestinian people did not come from Norway or Sweden." Mr. Husseini said at a lecture deliveted at the University of Jordan.

"The regime might be slightly different (from Arab countries) in terms of a wider margin of liberties. But essentially, it will be the same The former head of the Palestinian delegation for the Madrid Middle East peace talks however noted that the Palestinian Nation-

work on teinforcing civil institutions in the Palestinian state towards the enhancement of democracy. He said the forthcoming would usher in change. We, who have lived under occupation and mar-

al Authority (PNA) will

tial laws, would like to see civil institutions strengthened to counter a strong

military," he said. Mr. Husseini said that the Palestinian-Israeli Oslo agreement signed in September 1993 might not have been the perfect solution for the Palestinian people's problem, but it could become so if the Palestinian people themselves exerted the required efforts and showed the will to make the best out of it.

Oslo is like a newlyborn underweight and sick baby who needs special care and attention." he said. "But it is our baby. And we have to do all we can to

atmosphere and the correct treatment. Mr. Husseini said that the Palestinians should note that immediate entity. they will get will be a state but "some sort of self-rule. and it is up to us to make it

provide it with the right

better or worse. He said that Palestinians and Arabs, who have been excluded from influencing world politics since the beginning of the centuty scene, decided this time to take their chance and become part of what has come to be known the New World Order "in the hone that they would come out victorious if a new change

took place. "Do we want to follow the Bosnian model or the Armenian model?", he asked. We decided to have a say instead of being ruled out from the world's map for the fourth time." He said that strenuous

authority for total security efforts should be exerted among Arab countries to open trade links between them to face the challenges of the new era where all countries in the world are

merging in blocs. Despite all criticism of the PNA performance, Mr. Husseini said the authority was making tangible progress.

thing is that there is change and there is progress." he "It is good to have a healthy opposition. Mr. Husseini countered a questioner. "And it is good to have somebody always reminding us of our ultimate objectives. But the opposi-

the same things that the authority is doing."
"Detennions," he said,
"took place only when violations overreached the

non has to know that if it

wete in power it would do

limit." But also warned that if Israel wants to take a role in the Middle East "club," it has to make some adjustments and changes in its policies and fundamentals and head towards more flexible policies.

The two-hour lecture. organised by the University of Jordan's Strategic Studies Centre, was attended by university professors. former prime minister Ahmad Obeidat, senator Laila Sharaf, former minister Ibrahim Izzedine. analyst Fahed Fanek. senior army officets. and students.

"It is not the change we desire, but the important Syria on Saturday called on the United States to play an active role in upcoming peace talks in Washington hetween

> We hope that the U.S. administration will play an active and effective role 10 help conclude negotiations between the ambassadors and then permit the opening of talks between military experts." the official daily Al

since 1967. It also accused Israel of trying to "hamper peace

Military talks between the two sides have been frozen because of differences over the early warning stations. which Israel wants to monitor Syrian military movement on On Tuesday. Syria agreed

oppose a meeting with Syriaat the level of ambassadots.

Earlier this month, U.S.

negotiating the security arrangements involved in any peace agreement that would include an Israeli pullback on Syria wants the untire

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin told school childten Thursday that Israel would insist on a warning station in the Golan in any peace

"There we were left with-

ing station to Israel.

U.N. mediator condemns

foreign interference

ence in Afghanistan's inter-

nal affairs Saturday, but said

were also to blame for en-

assess the situation in Afgha-

nistan, which has been pla-gued by factional feuds and

fighting since the 1992 Mu-

jahedeen victory over the for-

mer Communist-led govern-

Mr. Mestiri told journalists

tervention in the internal

Foreign interference is a

sensitive issue because those

countries usually accused of it

— Iran, Pakisian, Saudi Ara-

bia and Uzbekistan — have

also all been involved in the

search for a peace formula

for the war-torn country. The U.N. envoy said he

affairs of Afghanistan."

Afghanistan today.

couraging it.

# Mubarak issues fresh warning to Sudan

issued a fresh warning to Sudan Saturday, saying he would respond "by all means necessary" to any threat to Egyptian national security from Khartoum.

He told the government daily Al Ahram: "I reserve the right to have recourse to all means necessary if the group in power in Khartoum tries to threaten Egyptian national security.

Relations between the neighbouring countries have been strained since Mr. Mubarak implicated Sudan's Muslim fundanientalisi military government in an attempt to kill him in Addis Ababa on

The rising tension has reactivated a dispute between the two countries over ownership of the Halaib Triangle of territory near the Red Sea and provoked Egyptian accusations that Sudan was supporting Muslim militants

in Egypt.
We have high-level committees which are following the situation and clarifying the diverse options and alternatives." said Mr. Mubarak.

He added he had met Defence Minister Hussein Tantawi and Prime Minister Atef Sedki in the past few days to discuss opnions on dealing

Mr. Mubarak said he had been patient "despite the anger of the Egyptian people in the face of humiliations and repeated provocations from the Sudanese regime in exporting terrorism and its aggression against Egyptian

"They (Sudan's leaders) have interpreted Egypt's patience as a sign of weakness and have not understood that it signals our wish to preserve relations and the interests of both peoples."

The Egyptian president said Sudanese leaders raised the Halaib question every time Cairo warned them against supporting terrorists.

Mr. Mubarak and his military commanders have already discussed possible. measures against Sudan but the option they choose de-

By Anthony Shadid

The Associated Press

NICOSIA - The Arab

World's most prestigious

newspapers and maga-

zines cover the Middle

East from London. Its

most ambitious satellite

broadcast network has set

up shop outside Rome.

control.

All share a common

In a trend that has

accelerated in the 1990s.

Saudi investors and

princes have set up or

purchased leading Arab

media, most of which are

based in Europe, particu-

With wealthy owners.

large staffs and modern

communications, the

media are free of the rigid

censorship that exists in

much of the Middle East

larly London.

thread: Saudi Arabian

pends on what the Sudanese government does next, he told Saturday's edition of the government newspaper Al

He described Sudanese leaders as "without weight and unable to influence events, negatively or positively" but, unlike on previous occasions recently, he declined to mention names or attack them personally.

Mr. Mubarak said Sudan had reported Egyptian planes dropping bombs in Halaib but he dismissed the idea as ridiculous.

We didn't drop a single bomb but we have many other means and I reserve to myself the right to use everything I can use if the group ruling in Khartoum goes too far or tries to threaten Egypnan national security."

"I met the prime minister, the minister of defence and the joint chiefs of staff to discuss the options on Sudan and of course 1 can't disclose these steps because they are changing according to the attitudes this group takes, But I don't take hasty or foolish measures." he added.

In what appeared to be a reference to Sudanese Islamist leader Hassan Al Turabi. the ideologue behind the Khartoum government, he said Egypt knew "the true meaning of Islam,"
"This person who speaks

about Islam, and I don't want to mention his name and I don't want to talk about his lifestyle, but it's strange that he talks about Islam and does the opposite," he said.

The Egyptian government has built Turabi up to be public enemy number one, blaming him for much of the violence by Egyptian Muslim

militants in the south. Mr. Mubarak said the governments of some countries such as the United States. Switzerland, France and Germany were beginning to re-consider the political refugee status they have given to Muslim militants from the Middle East.

Egypt has been seeking the extradition of several. Muslim militant leaders convicted for acts of political violence.

information that circu-

lates in the Arab World.

the Arab press, and that is

the Saudi umbrella," said

Abdul Barti Atwan, edi-

tor of London-based Al-

Quds. a struggling Palesti-

nian newspaper often cri-tical of Saudi Arabia and

"How can you have

freedom of expression if

one country dominates

the scene completely?" he

Press freedom is notor-

iously limited by most

Middle East govern-

ments, which impose ex-

plicit controls or rely on

self-censorship to keep

For years. Beirut was

the exception But Leba-

non's civil war drove jour-

nalists abroad in the 1970s

and 1980s, many of them

in fear for their lives.

Saudi Arabia, flush with

its tremendous oil wealth.

began stepping in. Today, dozens of pub-

lications and radin and

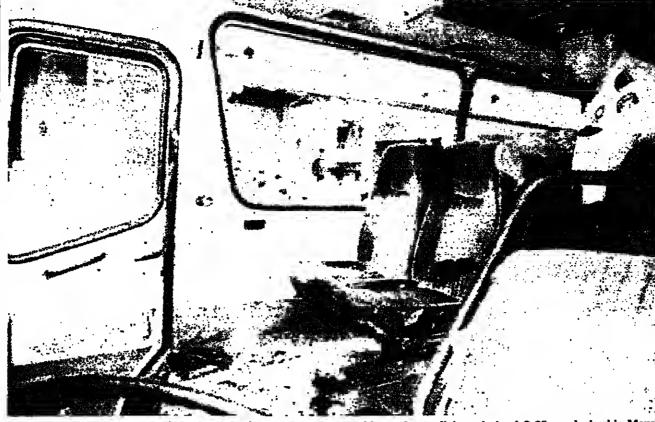
iournalists in line.

other Gulf states.

asked.

"There is one political

Premier Arab media thrive in Europe



A policeman looks at the pools of blood and the damage done to a patrol minibus in the Gaziosmanpasa neighbourhood of Istanbul. Twelve policemen were wounded, three of them seriously, by a bomb thrown at the minibus in the neighbour-

Kuwait to start phase II of

hood here where religious clashes left 25 people dead in March 1995. The bomb was thrown by one of four men who ran off and vanished afterwards, the news agency Anatolia reported

# Rebel Kurds kill 3 policemen in Turkish town

Rebel Kurdish guerrillas killed three policemen in an attack on a town in eastern Turkey, officials said Satur-

day.
Celal Dogan, mayor of
Hozat town in Tunceli province, told Reuters the local governor imposed a curfew on the town after the attack by the members of the Kurdistan Workers Party (PKK). He said security forces in-

flicted losses on the PKK militants after repelling them with artillery and mortar shelling, but could not give any figure for PKK casual-Sporadic clashes were still

taking place outside the town, he added. In the southeastern provin-

cial centre of Divarbakir. officials said a 19-year-old

KUWAIT (AP) - The gov-

ernment will soon start the

second phase of a plan to protect its border with Iraq

Defence Minister Sheikh

Ahmad Al Humoud was

quoted Saturday as saying.:
The first phase, a border trench along the 130-mile

television stations, many

under Saudi tutelage.

man. named Omer Erkek. was killed by unidentified gunmen as he walked out of Fatihpasa Mosque on Satur-

day.

Diyarbakir has been the scene of hundreds of killings in past years, mostly blamed on a conflict between the PKK and a clandestine Islamist group called Hizbollah. In another incident near in Kulp town near Diyarbakir.

officials said unidentified attackers killed a guard employed by the government and wounded three in a raid on the guard's house on Friday night. Officials from the eastern

Elazis branch of Republican People's Party (CHP) said a 20-year-old man. Sinan Demirbas, was killed while in police custody after he was detained on July 8 for draft

(210-kilometre) frontier, was

completed in early 1994,
"We're now studying the
second phase, and God will-

ing, we will start execution in

the near future, the minister

told the independent Al

Qabas daily: He did not elaborate. But

dodging.
Police officers were not immediately available for com-

Turkey's Human Rights Association reports have said dozens of detainees, mostly Kurdish and leftist militants. have been killed by torture during police interrogation in

More than 17,000 people have been killed in the PKK's 11-year-old fight for an independent state in Turkey.

In Istanbul, terrorisis hurled a hand grenade at a police minivan Friday. injuring 12 officers, three of them seriously, police said, Four suspects fled from the

attack in the Gaziosmanpasa district, and it was not immediately clear who was responsible, police said. Shortly after the attack.

officials have said that more

police stations equipped with

surveillance equipment would be built along the bor-

der demarcated by the Un-ited Nations after the 1991

Gulf war.

Iraq Which eccupied
Kuwair for seven months be-

police noticed a red banner hanging outside a nearby house and detained three people from the house for questioning, but they were not believed to be directly involved in the bombing. police said. Tensions have run high in

the low-income district since March, when leftist Alawite residents clashed with police for three days.

The March riots followed a

suspected rightist attack at an Alawite coffee house. Turkey's Alawite Muslims support the country's secular sys-Several extreme leftist

illegal groups find sanctuary in the Gaziosmanpasa neigh-bourhood. Armed Kurdish and Muslim terrorist groups are also active throughout

istnicherfrontienis patrolled by

...U.N. pbservers andicarmed

networks have emerged in

recent years, including the

Middle East Broadcasting Centre. Orbit and Arab

Radio and Television

(ART). All three are con-

trolled by Saudi investors, and only ART is based in

the Arab World - Cairo.

Although all have

struggled financially, they

carry tremendous influ-

ence in reaching the

burgeoning satellite dish

audience in the Middle

East, which has swollen to

2.5 million viewers hy

The oldest, the Middle

East Broadcasting Cen-

tre, was set up in London

four years ago and is owned by Sheikh Walid Al

Ibrahim, a businessman

whose sister is the wife of

lts fast-paced. Western-style news broadcasts and

round-table discussions

on topics like Arab

nationalism and Islam

have won it devoted view-

Saudi King Fahd.

some estimates.

Egypt.

peacekeepers.

# border protection plan fore being driven out in February 1991 by a U.S.-led coalition, did not recognise the border until last Novem-

Saturday, demanding their unconditional release, radio stations reported.

Of The People and Free Lebanon radios said the detainees smuggled out word that they will end their fast only when they are allowed

to go home. clined to comment on the report and there was no immediate way to independent-

held since Wednesday's disorders over soaring prices were set free Friday by a military court after fining them the equivalent of \$60 each for carrying pistols despite a government ban even on licensed arms that day.

In Sidon, provincial capital of South Lebanon, police said 25 of the 53 detainees held there since Wednesday's disturbances have been re-

The other 28 will be in-terrogated by a military judge Monday. Among them are four Palestinians suspected of assaulting policemen and setting a police car on fire, a police statement said.

At least 13 people, among them lour policemen, were

in Afghanistan KABUL 1AFP) — United but had come for "a reassessment of the situation", after Nations special peace mediator Mahmoud Mestiri which he would report back to Secretary-General Boutros condemned foreign interfer-

Ghali in New York. He plans to fly Sunday to the northern provincial capitsome Afghans themselves al of Mazar-I-Sharif for talks with Rabbani's Uzbek rival. Afghans have provoked ex-Communist militia General Abdul Rashid Dostam. to and encouraged some interference. Mr. Mestiri said. be followed by a meeting with the Taliban Muslim reli-He returned this week to

> ern capital. Kandahar. Mr. Mestiri was, as on previous visits, optimistic about prospects for a solution to Afghanistan's three-year long factional strife. The "warlords" now had more positive attitudes than in the past, he

gious movement in the south-

foreign interference was without doubt one of the major problems facing "Now there is a mood for peace — the problem is only one of time. he added. Afghan faction leaders But as he spoke heavy have accused foreigners of fighting continued in several provinces, particularly in the supporting their rivals with arms and ammunition, military training, spare parts and by printing currency.
The U.N. peace envoy. in Defence Ministry sources

said an offensive by Dostam's forces continued Saturday for Kabul since Thursday, said the third consecutive day in the U.N. and Afghans must the Salang region, near the district centre of Khenjan about 160 kilometres (100 act together to rid the country of the problem. which was one of the topics he had discussed with President miles) north of Kabul.
The Dostam attack, which

Burhanuddin Rabbani here was said to include an assault Mr. Rabbani and his allies by helicopter-borne commandos on hill-tops behind the have proposed a new peace olan, a cornerstone of which pro-Rabbani lines, was reis a U.N. guarantee for the pulsed, the sources said. On Friday, the Taliban attempted an infantry attack cessation of foreign in-

against pro-Rabbani troops defending their Logar province frontlines some 60 kilometres (37.5 miles) south of Kabul, but were beaten

In Western Badghis pro-vince, pro-Rabbani troops were still fighting Dostam's troops in Morghab district. had not brought any fresh peace proposals with him. with no reported advance by either side.

# Lebanon detainees reported on hunger strike; 103 freed

BEIRUT (AP) - Some 40 people arrested during antigovernment labour riots three days ago began a hunger strike in a Beirut prison

The privately owned Voice

Judicial authorities de-

ly verify it. Another 103 detainees

leased.

injured in clashes between

troops and stone-throwing demonstrators in Sidon Wednesday

The General Federation of Labour Trade Unions, which called for Wednesday's nationwide strike and demonstrations, has said it will

abstain from negotiating a compromise with the government unless all the detainees are freed. Abu-Rizk said union leaders

have scheduled a meeting for Thursday to intensify action against the government if does not free the detainees..

The conflict erupted over a 38 per cent increase in gasoline prices levied by Prime Minister Rafik Hariri's government last week to finance a 20 per cent increase io civil servants' salaries.

The government allowed the work stoppage. But it mobilised the 55,000-strong army and 20,000-strong police force to prevent demonstrations.

The protests presented Mr. Hariri with the most serious challenge since he came to power in October 1992 amid a post-war economic crisis that sent the Lebanese pound plummeting to a record low

of 3,000 to the dollar. The billionaire premier, who enjoys the backing of Syria, the undisputed power broker in Lebanon, has stabilised the currency at 1.650 pounds to the dollar.

#### and have outclassed their poorer compelitors in Arab countries. But there's growing criticism that the Saudis have too much influence over the

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#### WEATHER

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# Judan Vallet

Yesterdan's high temperatures.

have opened or relocated cluding Al Hayat, recog-nised across the Middle East as the leading Arab newspaper. Controlled by Prince Khalid Ibn Sulian, the

Saudi military commander during the Gulf war. Al Hayat is read by the Arab elite and regularly breaks stories ahead of Western newspapers. Its circulation is far smaller than Egypt's venerable Al Ahram newspaper, but Al Havat's strength is its ability to reach across national boundaries.

With more than 20 bureaus, and correspondents in most Arab capitals. Al Hayat's editors consider the newspaper an international publication and its coverage pan-Агав.

They say from the vantage point of London, they can take a broad view of the region, unfettered by national senti-

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tions placed on Arab journalists at home.

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looking at things from a distance. You can put it into a global perspective. said Maher Othman, editor of Arab news and Arab affairs at Al Hayat. "We know we reach the decision-makers, the elite, the people who mat-

Its in-depth reporting on the unrest in Algeria. the Arab-Israeli peace process and Islamic militants has been widely praised. But stories on Saudi Arabia and other Gulf states are rarer and hardly ever critical, the newspaper's opinion columns and editorials even less so.

A recent flap - the Saudi decision to bar Egyptian workers frnm entering the country was not mentioned in Al Havat. The paper has regular stories quoting Iraqi dissidents, but Saudi opposition figures receive

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HOSPITALS

Al Hayat's managing editor. Khairallah Khairallah, acknowledged self-censorship occurs. He defends it as necessary because the newspaper relies on Saudi advertising. "Our main concern is

not to be banned in Saudi Arabia because most of the advertising comes from the Saudi market." Mr. Khairallah said in a telephone interview from London. "From time to time we have to take into consideration Saudi censorship.

Mr. Atwan, who formerly worked at the Saudi-owned newspaper Asharq Al Awsat, also based in London, said the pressure extends to nther Gulf states as well.

"The only country we were allowed to criticise was Israel." said Mr. Atwan, now the editor of Al Quds.

In a similar development, pan-Arab satellite television channels and

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**AIRPORT** 

This information is supplied by

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ULY 23, 1995,

# Crown Prince calls for active 'municipal council work

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday said that all Jordanians should bear the responsibility not only of making decisions hut also of implementing them, and for this reason it is important to give the local councils real powers to contribute to balanced development in their respective

The Prince, who was

addressing a rally of Bani Sakher tribes at Um Al Amad district, south of Amman, said the local councils that were recently elected should be closely cooperating with their constituencies in order to

achieve that goal. He emphasised the need for collective work in the huilding of institutions and urged the councils to carry out their duties with a team-

Referring to the television programme Friday that raised JD 4.5 million in money and in-kind contributions for the victims of the crisis in Bosnia, Prince Hassan said that the programme reflected a genuine integration of the Jordanian society which proved capable of carrying out a duty exceeding expectations.



Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Saturday chairs a meeting of the Jurdanian people's delegation in advance of the Beijing Wurld Conference on Women (Petra planto)

### Princess Basma chairs people's delegation meeting in preparation for World Conference on Women

AMMAN (J. T. ) — Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Saturday chaired a meeting of the Jordanian people's delegation to the meeting of non-governmental organisations to the Bejing World Conference on Women which will open in September.

Discussions at the meeting also covered the international plan of action which is to be submitted to the Bejing Conference and also topics to be viewed by a preparatory meeting in Being on

August 31, according to the Jordan News Agency, Petra Speaking after the meeting, the regional coordinator for the conference, Haifa Ahn Ghazaleh, told Jordan Television that the participants reviewed differences in ideas by the governments and non-governmental organisations in the Arah

acting between the two According to Dr. Abu Ghazaleh, the meeting man-

World and studied the views

of women liaison officers

ifested similarity between the views of government non-governmental organisations in Jordan with regard to the various points listed in the international plan of action.

She said that the meeting was also aimed at narrowing any differences in views between the governments . and . .... non-governmental organisations as well as the outcome of a non-governmental organisations meeting which was beld at the

# JVA forbids new planting of fruit trees

<sup>1</sup> AMMAN (J. T. ) — The Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) Saturday notified farmers in the Jordan Valley that treeplaning will not be permitted in that region until sufficient water supplies have been made available for this type of cultivation.

He said farmers who had planted trees in the Jordan Valley after April 1993 had done so in violation of JVA regulations.

Addressing reporters at a meeting in his office. JVA Secretary General Hashem Shboul said that the planting and cultivation of new high water content trees such as banana, citrus and olive is forbidden in the valley for the time being because of insufficient amounts of .

water for irrigation. The JVA will resume the issuance of licences for planting such trees when the water supply situation in the valley is adequate, Mr. Shboul said. He added that the JVA has discovered that farmers of 70 agricultural

atre at 8:30 p.m.

9:00 p.m.

JERASH FESTIVAL

Concert by New England Youth

Performance by Nazareth Band of

Popular Dancing at Artemis Steps at

Performance by Jafra - Group at the

\*Concert by Zdravetz Folklore Group of

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+ Novel recital by Samih Al Qasim,

Nazih Abu Afsh, Taher Riyadh, Jiries

Bulgaria at The Forum at 9:00 p.m.

The Forum at 9:30 p.m.

Sound and Light Theatre at 9:00 p.m.

Ensemble of the U.S. at the South The-

units have violated the treeplanting emhargo rules.

Mr. Shbonl warned that the JVA may be forced to cut down those trees planted in violation of the rules.

Asked about the waters coming from the Dajania pipeline from Lake Tiberias to the King Abdullah Canal in the Jordan Valley Mr Shboul said that in implementation of the Jordan-Israel peace treaty, Israel is committed to pumping 20 million cuhic metres of water during the current summer.

The amount of water pumped so far through the 3.3-kilometre pipeline since its inanguration last month has raised the level of the King Abdullah Canal. helped to put back in service the four main pumps at Deir Alla, increased the amounts available for irrigation in the Jordan Valley and improved the quality of water in general, according to Mr Shboul.

His Majesty King Hussein

WHAT'S GOING ON

7:45 p.m.

formally opened the pipeline at a ceremony held on June

\$5 million, will draw 20 milfrom Lake Tiberias to Jordan in the summer and 10 the terms of the peace treaty

He added that the JVA has completed a project for the improvement of the quality of water for the central Jordan Valley farms. The project is expected to become operational at the start of the winter.

He said under this project better quality water will be supplied to the valley farmlands from the Yarmouk River, noting that the project had a total cost of JD 4.2

Samawi, Zuleikha Abu Risheh, and

Kazem Al Sate' at Darat Al Funun, Jabal

Performance by several Jordanian

\* Puppet show - Aladdin and the Magic

Lamp at the Sound and Light Theatre at

FILM

\* "Drums in the Deep South" at the

**EXHIBITIONS** 

\* Paintings and ceramics by Arab artists

Exhibition in honour of Palestinian

intifada victims and detainees at Abdul

at Orfali Art Gallery, Umm Utheina.

Hameed Shoman Foundation.

American Center at 5:00 p.m.

groups at the Forum (6:30-9:00 p.m.).

Weihdeh (7:00 p.m.-9:00 p.m.).

The pipeline, which cost lion cuhic metres of water mem in winter, according to

The water will be used for domestic and agricultural purposes and will help reduce Jordan's water shortages, according to Mr Shboul.

# Council announces 9,135 students admitted to state-run universities

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Council of Higher Education Saturday announced that the five state-run universities and the Amman University College will admit a total of 9,135 undergraduate students in the 1995-96 academic

Meeting in the presence of His Royal Highness Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad, the council members announced that 3,140 will be admitted to

the University of Jordan, 2,140 to Yarmouk University, 1,200 to the Jordan University of Science and Techtiology (JUST), 1,905 to Muta University, 510 to Zarqa University and 240 to the Amman University Col-

Prince Ghazi was recently been appointed chairman of a committee charged with revising rules for admitting students residing in remote areas and the badia regions to state universities. According to

announcement, the council accepted 270 students to the vocational diploma course, 796 to masters degree programmes, and 17 10 doctoral degree programmes at the University of Jordan.

At Yarmouk University, 330 students will be accepted this year for the vocational diploma course, 485 for

the masters programme and six to the doctoral.

At JUST, 231 students will be accepted to the masters programme, and at Muta University 135 will be admitted admitted to the masters program, 200 to the diploma education, 35 to the higher diploma in manage-

ment, and 35 to engineering

diploma programmes. The council also introduced amendments to the regulations admission of students to private and public universities

According to the amendments, the state universities will accept the students of the serving members of the Higher Council of Education and only one child of every member of the former coun-

### Donations to Bosnia to be used in relief, reconstruction efforts

AMMAN (J. T.) — The Hashemite Charity Organisation (HCO), which Friday raised JD 4.5 million in money and in-kind contributions in a nation-wide campaign to help the victims of the war in Bosnia, Saturday said it would use the donations to send off more relief supplies to Bosnia, give special care to the wounded and children, supply equipment. support the work of the Bosnian Centre for Social Rehabilitation, contribute to the reconstruction of Bosnian institutions and carry out projects in Bosnia when the crisis subsides and the fighting ends, according to Min-istry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Salam Ahhadi, who is also the HCO secretary general. Speaking the day after the



Abdul Salam Ahbadi

Jordan Television telethon programme for aid to the Bosnian people, Dr Ahhadi said the HCO has already dispatched relief supplies to nine Muslim countries following civil strife, and natural disasters.

Meanwhile the Senate Saturday announced its contrihution of JD 15,000 to the

## 'France looks at Jordan as possible timber re-export hub

AMMAN (Petra) — Luc Dassonville, head of a French delegation currently on a visit to Jordan Saturday said that France is contemplating using Jordan as a regional centre for re-exporting French timber to countries in the Middle East

Mr. Dassonville who is head of the National French Bureau for Forests was speaking at a meeting with Haydar Murad, chairman of the Federation of Jordanan Chambers of Commerce, to discuss Jordanian-French trade and economic cooper-

The delegation accompanying Mr. Dassonville represents major French companies dealing with timber and wooden furniture.

We are also interested in launching cooperation with Jordan in expanding areas planted with forests, said Mr Dassonville at the meeting attended hy Jordanian importers of wood.

Mr Murad said that Jordan was keen on increasing the volume of trade and economic cooperation with France and added he hoped that France would used the October Middle East and North Africa economics summit to present ideas on investment and on further

private sector. Noting that the balance of trade between the two countries was far below expectations, Mr Murad said that it was hoped that the private sector would help develop trade exchanges.

cooperation with Jordan's

Mr Dassonville said tthe delegation is interested in defining the Jordanian market's needs of wood and the prospects of making Jordan a centre for re-exporting French wood.

According to Mr Murad the Jordanian market has to date relied on wood imported from Scandinavian coun-



Director General of the Housing and Urban Development Department Yousef Hiyasat (right) Saturday signs a contract with representatives of a local firm for the infrastructure of the second phase of the Abu Nuseir Housing Project on the outskirts of west Amman (Petra photo)

# **HUDD** contracts local firm to lay infrastructure in Abu Nuseir

AMMAN (J.T.) The to 6,500 square metres, a Housing and Urban Devel- water network of 7,500 opment Department metres of piping, a 140struction firm to carry out the infrastructure work for the second phase of the Abu Nuseir Housing Estate.

Director General Yousef Hiyasat signed the contract on behalf of HUDD and said the contract entails laying the hasic services for 310 plots of land on which housing units and shopping cen-tres will be built. He added that the scheme is to be carried out on a total of 225 dunums.

Under the agreement the contractor will build a nerwork of roads totalling. 65,000 square metres, pedestrian alleys amounting

electricity and telephone networks, retaining walls, car parks and public gardens, according to Mr Hiyasat.

He said that the second part of the Ahu Nuseir Project is divided into two categories of plots: the first is 312.5 square metres and the second is 250 square metres. Mr Hiyasat said that the HUDD had assigned these plots to public sector employees, and in the past three weeks the corporation has received 2,200 applications for units. He said

department officials will

begin studying the requests

Mr. Hivasat emphasised that HUDD will assign some (HUDD) Saturday signed a metre-long rain water of the plots to bandicapped contract with a local condrainage canal together with employees, but he did not elaborate. He said that the plots of

land will be sold to the public sector employees once a study of the applications has been completed but be added that no sale can be transacted prior to completion of construction and the laying of the infrastructure and civil works.

He said HUDD expects that the entire project will be completed by year's end. The first part of the Ahu Nuseir Housing Estate on the outskirts of west Amman was completed in the early 1980s and currently houses about 4,500 families.

# Workshop to illustrate value of 'Alternative dispute resolution' mechanisms

By Khattab Salman Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — A workshop on "U..S.-Jordan legal exchange project: Alternadispute resolution (ADR) mechanisms opened in Amman Saturday with the aim of examining the possihility of applying the ADR mechanisms in the legal procedural system of the King-

The four-day event is organised by the faculty of law at the University of Jordan in cooperation with the Ministry of Justice, the U.S. emhassy in Amman and the Institute for the Study and Development of Legal Systems in San Francisco, Cali-

'According to a United States Information Service (USIS) statement, ADR is an important element of the U.S. legal system and saves money, time, and effort in the pre-court period.

The ADR mecbanisms provide a third neutral party to try and settle the filed law suit before going to court, the statement said.

According to Steven Mayo, director of the Institute for the Study and Development of Legal Systems,

96 per cent of all filed law suits are currently resolved through the ADR in the U.S. Twenty years agn nearly all law suits went to court, placing a heavy burden on the American legal system, Mr. Mayo emphasised. .

We are here to examine the feasibility of implementing ADR in Jordan by hriefing your legal experts on the mechanisms, and helping them choose what is better for them," Mr. Mayo said.

He indicated that all legal systems suffer from certain shortcomings, and that "there is always room for refining all legal procedures in order to make them more efficient.

U.S. Ambassador to Jordan Wesley Egan said that this is a unique opportunity to enrich understanding between our different cultures, and that Jordan's interest in the rule of law and in democracy-building

requires that the Jordanian legal system be able to deal with new emerging situations in the legal process. Minister of Justice Hisham

Tal described the workshop knowledge linkage between cultures and civilisations in times of global information exchange and communication revolution.



Professor Mohammad Ghazweh of the University of Jordan Faculty of Law Saturday addresses a workshop on the "U.S.-Jordan legal exchange project (Petra photo)

Twenty-five Jordanian and seven American experts are participating in the ADR workshop which is the first phase of the two-phased U..S.-Jordan legal exchange

project. The second phase will start in October at which in-depth discussions are expected to

take place in employing ADR in the Jordanian legal system.

The workshop will discuss six ADR mechanisms: case management, early neutral evaluation, mediation, judicial settlement, arbitration, and summary judgement

The Saturday workshop included lectures on civil jury trials, civil non-jury trial, phases of the U.S. and Jordanian civil justice processes, U.S. and Jordanian criminal justice processes, initial presentation to judges after arrest, plea bargaining and guilty pleas.

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Innovator stages

SALZBURG, Austria (AFP)

With a mixture of doggedness and daring. Belgian artistic director Gerard Mor-

tier has survived three years

of in-house bickering and struggles for power to open this year's Salzburg Festival

Sunday as it marks its 75th

anniversary. Since his appointment in 1992, the 52-

year old innovator who is set

to have his contract renewed

until 2001 bas incurred the

wrath of traditionalists upset

by his energetic esponsal of "modernity", which he de-fines as "dialectic between

the ancients and the mod-

erns." Right from the start he

wanted to give this presti-gious events a new look. He

argued that at the end of the 20th century the festival

ought to stop being an elitist

affair and instead open itself

up in a bid to "reinterpret the

world's great musical and

literary works for new generations." To do that, he

broke with the very austere

classical style moulded over

so many years by the German

conductor Herbert Von

Karajan, who was director

from 1956 to 1960 and then

again from 1964 to 1988.

Mortier was soon on a colli-

sion course with the Vienna

Philharmonic, which feared

with the conductor Claudio

Abbado over a new produc-tion of Verdi's opera Othello.

The Belgian impresario in-

sisted on independence in

choosing productions and

stars. He refused to be behol-

the openness being sought;

losing its monopoly here, and

75th Salzburg

Festivai

# China slams U.S. House bill on human rights

BEIJING (Agencies) — er damages to the bilateral velations." Mr. Shen said in a relations threatened to statement. plunge further Saturday as China attacked a new U.S. bill calling on President Bill Clinton to press Beijing for

reform on human rights.

Foreign Ministry spokesman Shen Guofang called on a resolution to deny Most Favoured Nation (MFN) Washington to step in to stop passage of the bill by Congress or face further damage to relations that have colled dramatically in the last few

On Tursday, the House of Representatives overwhelmingly approved a bill calling on Mr. Clinton to press China for reform on human rights, arms proliferation and trade but stopped short of setting sanctions. The measure was sent to the Senate.

The act. in disregard of the basic principles of international relations. has brazenly violated the principles of the three Sino-U.S. joint communiques, and constituted gross interference and unwarranted charges of China's internal affairs." Mr. Shen said.

China says the joint communiques bar all official contacts between the United States and Nationalist-ruled Taiwan and was enraged when Taiwan President Lee Teng-Hui was allowed to make a private U.S. trip last month

Beijing has regarded Taiwan as a renegade pro-vince since the Nationalists fled there after losing the civil war in 1949.

"China wants the U.S. government to adopt concrete measures to prevent the act from being passed by the Congress so as to avoid furth- Chinese Foreign Minister

Taiwan sounded defiant

notes Saturday over China's

ter accusing Beijing of put-

ting up obstacles to eventual

reunification and citizens

saying they trusted their gov-

ernment and did not fear the

Foreign Minister Fredrick

Chien accused Beijing of

creating "two Chinas" by

Oppressing Taiwan and refus-

ing to recognise the island as

garding itself as the central

government and Taiwan as

the local government, is the

real perpetrator of creating two Chinas. he said in a statement

A poll conducted by the

mass-circulation United Daj-

ly News and published Satur-

day showed that 71 per cent

of 1.013 people interviewed

said they did not fear China's

missile tests and only 20 vaid

major reason for people's lack of lear was that they had

confidence in their govern-

ment's ability to handle crises

between China and Taiwan.

in the sea 140 kilometres

north of Taiwan, were sche-

duled for July 21-28 but

Taiwan authorities said

Saturday they did not know

whether or not the tests had

hegun. "We simply don't have the

ULUNDI. South Africa (RI

- South african Zulu leader

Mangosuthu Buthelezi.

perennial rival of President

Nelson Mandela's ANC, proposed Saturday a make-or-break gamble for political power in his KwaZulu-Natal

Opening the annual con-

ference of his Zulu-based In-

katha Freedom Party, he said

he might call an early election

in a bid to increase his pro-

vincial majority from 51 per

cent now to more than the

two-thirds needed to adopt a

left with no option hut to go

back to the people for a fresh

mandate and to increase our

majority in KwaZulu-Natal

so that we can secure a con-

stitution for this province, or

lose the entire stake in this

M1. Buthclezi said national

legislation was increasingly

enernaching on the autonomy

of the KwaZulu-Natal pro-

vince, where Inkatha won a

slim majority over Mr. Man-

dela's African National Con-

gress (ANC) in elections last

Mr. Buthelezi dismissed

speculation he might pull out

of Mr. Mandela's transitional

eoalition government, but

vowed never to submit to the

gamble." he said.

"It might be that we are

provincial constitution.

province.

The tests, to he conducted

The newspaper said that a

they were scared.

statement.

China, by ridiculously re-

"The Chinese side expresses strong resentment and firm opposition to the act, and has made solemn representations to the U.S. side." he said.

trading status to China that could have further torn the fabric of relations between the two countries.

Mr. Clinton had promised to veto an ann-FMN measure, which would deny China the same trading status as other nations, and the House lacked votes to override his

Sino-U.S. ties have been further battered by disputes over trade, the detention of U.S. human rights activist Harry Wu in central China this month, and allegations strongly denied - that China has exported missile omponents to Iran.

The bill passed Thursday calls on Mr. Clinton to 'undertake intensified diplomatic initiatives to persuade" Beijing to release Mr. Wu and broaden human rights, halt the export of ballistic missile technology, curtail expansion of its military capacity and comply with the prohibition on forced labour exports to the United States.

It urges Mr. Clinton to press the issues in talks with China, through the United Nations, World Bank and other international organisations, and report back to Congress.

Beijing has said a meeting set for Aug. I between

received any information," a

senior official in the Defence

phone.

Secretary of State Warren Christopher during an Asian regional conference in Brunei would decide whether battered Sino-U.S. relations can

Mr. Christopher has said he would raise Mr. Wu's case, an issue likely to anger

However, both sides have stressed that the cooling of relations has not spilled over into the economic field.

China is to send a 250member trade mission to tour the United States in August to drum up investment, a sign economic ties are thriving despite diplomatic disputes. President Clinton has be-

gun reaching out to experts on China for advice on how to overcome problems that have soured relations between the two countries, the White House said Friday. Mr. Clinton "is troubled by

the current status of Sino-U.S. relations," said White House spokesman Michael McCurry. 'He is very intent on mak-

ing sure that in an honest and candid way, we address those impediments that exist in the bilateral relationship, and for that reason, he has been consulting with a number of those he considers experts on U.S.-China relations." Mr. McCurry said.

He recently met with former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger on his return from a visit to China, With Dr. Kissinger at the meeting were other members of the group that travelled with him, including another former secretary of state. Alexander

Taiwan defiant against China's tests

equipment to detect the misnot been confirmed to take siles even if they've already been fired. Any information place their spectre already was taking an economic toll in Taiwan's fishing industry. Fishermen in Taiwan's northern coast have heen scheduled missile tests off its can only come from abroad. coast with the Foreign Minis- and we currently have not

> Ministry told Reuters by teletests. The work stoppage is The mass-circulation China expected to cost the fisher-Times reported that China men-Taiwan-dollars 200-300) has already fited two mismillion (\$8-12.million)-!--siles. It cited unidentified But the worry that has gripped the island seemed to military sources and fisher-

men who heard "explosion sounds" near the testing a legitimate political entity. . area. The ministry denied the The tests are seen by Taiwan as sabre-rattling by China to press Taiwan to ease per cent on Thursday. off on recent efforts to gain

, more international recogni-China has regarded Taiwan as a renegade province since the two sides split after a civil

war in 1949 and vows to President Lee Teng-Hui Thursday made clear that Taiwan could not accept retake the island by force if it declares independence. threats to its sovereignty, but he did not directly address "Taiwan, by recognising the reality of a split China and aggressively participating in international activities, is

helping to boost an environ-Bilateral relations have ment to push for eventual reunification. Mr. Chien China and Taiwan hoth to the United States. claim to he parts of one China

that will one day reunity. But radical differences exist over how reunification should be

ruling ANC on provincial

are that the ANC is exercis-

ing political power in this

province with respect to all

matters which ought to be a

"If we fail in our duty to halt the ANC in its headlong

rush to concentrate centrist

power around itself... (what)

we as South Africans would

have done is to exchange an

apariheid centrist monster

for an ANC centrist mons-

ter." he said.
The party's annual conference in the Zulu stronghold

of Ulundi takes place against

a background of continued

violence between Inkatha

and ANC supporters in

have been killed there in the

year since the first all-race

elections brought Mr. Man-

dela of reneging on agree-ments that brought it into

elections it had threatened to

boycott. including guarantees

in the interim constitution of

a measure of provincial

the conference started that a

major question on the agenda

Party sources said before

Inkatha accused Mr. Man-

dela to power.

autonomy.

More than 1.100 people

KwaZulu-Natal province.

provincial competence.

"The hard facts of reality

anti-government protest forced to vacate the sea due to concerns over the missile

be easing Saturday. The stock market index rose by 1.15 per cent to continue Friday's 0.2 per cent gain after it had tumbled by four per cent Wednesday and 2.7

Flights between Talwan tr Seoul. which would normally fly over the area, began taking detours to avoid potential danger, aviation officials

50 metres away from the Blue House in central Seoul only two hours before President Kim Young-Sam left for the United States for talks with the question of the missile President Bill Clinton. It was not known if Mr. Kim had been told of the protest.

slumped since June when Beijing protested vehemently against Mr. Lec's private trip

Meanwhile a Hong Kong newspaper said Friday China plans to hold naval exercises. including drills using live ammunition, in the disputed Although the tests have Spratly Islands later this year,



A local resident flees the scene while a fireman fights the flames near a residential area on Mount Pendeli, some 15 kilometres from Athens' centre. The fire continuously was

destroying large expanses of woods, forests and homes and forcing the evocuation of many areas (AFP photo)

## Hundreds evacuated in fire near Athens

ATHENS | AFP| - Hundreds of people were evacuated as a forest fire continued its rampage north of Athens. destroying hundreds of homes and other buildings, the Defence Ministry said.

The fire had raged unabated for 24 hours, and an inter-ministerial task force appealed for help from Ger-many. Spain, Italy and France after the local prefect said national resources could not cope with the cut-

Defence Minister Gerussimos Arsenis went to the area Saturday to direct about 1.000 firefighters, half of whom are soldiers. Nine water planes resumed missions at dawn but efforts to gather water at sea were impeded by high winds and storms.
The fire broke out early

strophe, the ministry said,

SEOUL (R) - South Ko-rean police dashed with stu-

dents and dissidents near the

presidential Blue House

Saturday during protests over

a decision not to charge two

ex-presidents who led a.

bloody military crackdown 15

Reuter journalists saw

police arrest more than 30

people who attempted to

anger over this week's ruling march on the Blue House in

cleared former President

Chun Doo-Hwan and his suc-

cessor Roh Tae-Woo of any

The protesters were drag-

ged away by police on a street

The protesters said they

years ago.

offence.

S. Korea students hold

along the seaside of Mount Pendelikon, which rises to 1.110 metres (3.60) feet in eastern Attica.

Mount Pendelikon, whose slopes are covered with dense pine and plane trees, is known historically for having provided the marhle for ancient monuments including

The fire has engulied several hundred homes in the forest and along the edges of a half-dozen towns including the near suburb of Palini, and has destroyed several thousand hectures of pine and shruh as well as farm-

The government has invoked emergency measures reserved for major natural, disasters. Interior Minister Kimon Koulouris is said all Friday and quickly spread the resources of the state

organisations related to the

May, 1980, military suppres-

sion of a pro-democracy re-

volt in the southwestern city

of Kwangju. They demanded

the government prosecute

Gen. Chun and Gen. Roh

and that Mr. Kim step down

Elsewhere in the capital,

over 1.000 students fought a

pitched battle outside Yonsei

University in a similar pro-

test, hurling hundreds of

pipes at riot police who fired

Some of the students took

part in a rally held earlier in

the day at a Seoul park, organised by dissident

groups, at which the partici-

pants vowed to fight until the

government met demands

that Gen. Chun and Gen.

Roh be punished and re-

vealed the full truth behind

During the rally, the pro-testers burnt effigies of Gen. Chun, Gen. Roh and another

the crackdown.

teargas to disperse them.

wielding iron

for failing to do so.

stones and

were mobilised to deal with "unprecedented" situa-

were standing by to evacuate the population threatened hy Defence Minister Arsenis

said troops reinforcements had been called in from Corinth and Thebes to help fight the flames. Army units in Attica and Peloponisos have been placed on alert.

devastated by the fire said on television Friday that rescue efforts "lacked coordination" and the fire service had taken too long to get on the scene.

At Anthoussa, a town about 12 kilometres from the capital, the mayor said about 2011 houses had gone up in flames and that it took fire-

TOKYO (R) - Japanese

leaders made last, desperate

pleas for support Saturday as

a disillusioned electorate

wondered whether it was

worth turning out in the rain

to vote in Sunday's par-

half the seats in parliament's

252-member Upper House,

which has only limited pow-

ers and cannot affect the

years, and has been billed by

the ruling-coalition parties as

a referendum on Prime

Minister Tomitchi

Murayama's year-old govern-

Support for his Socialists is widely expected to flop, and the main question Sunday is whether or not the party will

be trounced so badly that the prime minister will have to

"I'm going to fight up to the very end," the 71-year-old premier said as he set out

stand down.

choice of prime minister.

At stake in the election are

liamentary election.

men two hours to arrive at

thea: the worst-hit towns. Mr. Koulouris said buses

> There have been no reports of deaths, but a fireman fighting the blaze.

People living in the areas

Japanese leaders make

But it is Japan's first first Socialist prime minister ationwide poll for two in four decades, and his coali-

final appeals to voters

the scene In Drafi. Daou and Kallil-

officials spoke of hundreds of buildings destroyed. Dozens more mainly isolated houses vere burned in Kalitechnoupoli and Nea

and an airman were taken to hospital after being injured A dozen people were tre-

ated for smoke inhalation

Athens Mayor Dimitri Avramopoulos said the "ecological situation of the Greek capital (already suffocated by pollution every summer) will be further deteriorated and the consequences will be dramatic on the environ-

Mr. Murayama has stated a target of 22 of the 126 seats

up for election, but a poll last

week showed his party was

likely to manage somewhere between 15 and 19.

Political insiders have pre-

dicted he will step down if the

Socialists win nine seats or

fewer, and stay on if it gets 15

or more. Ten to 14 is seen as

in tour decades, and his coalition has recently appeared
credible for the first time
since its birth, surviving a
year with plenty of hiccups
but no major disaster.
However, he has held the
coalition together only by
compromising his party's
most dearly held principles.

most dearly held principles.

and this is expected to sap its

natural protest vote.
Though Mr. Murayama is

prime minister, his three par-

ty coalition is dominated by

the Liberal Democratic Party

(LDP), whom the Socialists

"grey zone". Mr. Murayama is Japan's

#### den to record companies. which be said used to tell Karajan which soloists he could have. Such freedom of choice was an integral part of

Thai 'minister of

beaten by jams

Mortier said.

traffic' gets

BANGKOK (R) - Thai-" land's newly appointed'
"minister of traffic" got a taste of what he is up against when he was travelling to a Bangkok army base to catch' a helicopter. Deputy Prime'. Minister Thaksin Shinawatrahad to abandon his limousine, motorcycle taxi to make his appointment on time, witnes-i ses said. Mr. Thaksin, who. bas vowed to ease Bangkok's. world-famous traffic jams; within six months, was going? up in the helicopter to get a: bird's eye view of the traffic problem.

#### Pliots find snake in cockpit after takeoff

CHITA, Russia (AP) — Phots of a Russian jetliner satabsolutely still for more than three hours before making an" unscheduled landing with a snake in the cockpit, a newsagency reported Friday. The TU-154 had just taken off from Chita en route to Moscow when the pilots discovered their "dangerous stowaway." ITAR-TASS said, cit-, ng a report in the Chita daily Narodnaya Gazeta. The pilots finally landed their plane in the western Siberian . city of Omsk, where the snake was removed, ITAR-TASS said. It did not identify the flight occurred. Authorities speculated that the snake .. stowaway boarded the plane. in China, because the jet had made a trip to Harbin in eastern China the day before.

#### World's rarest bird finds mate

LONDON (AFP) - The world's rarest wild bird, the . Spix's macaw, has found a." mate with the help of British scientists and is expected to produce a family to save the species from extinction, the Daily Telegraph reported Saturday. The solitary male macaw, believed to be the last of its kind living wild in the Brazilian rainforest, has formed a relationship with a female of the species — one of some 30 birds living in captivity — released in March by British scientists. The scientists say it is likely the pair will produce a clutch of eggs later this year. according to the Telegraph. The pairing was made possible after DNA tests from feathers were used to check the wild bird was a male, the paper added. Spix's macaw, a ; j larger, blue, long-tailed parrot declined as a result of trapping and the destruction. of the Brazilian rainforest. Until the late 1980s it was thought to be extinct in the thought to be extinct in the wild, but in 1990 scientists in a written statement. Brazil, the Telegraph said. found a male in northeastern

#### were representatives from one symbolising prosecutors. for his last day of campaignused to oppose bitterly. U.S. Congress probes 2 scandals, wins limited sympathy

WASHINGTON (AFP) -After months of threats, the U.S. Congress began hear-ings last week on separate scandals involving President Bill Clinton and federal Buthelezi ponders gamble for power agents. strongly suggesting both could be discredited by new evidence.

Buthelezi should now stay in Mr. Mandela's coalition as But as legislators prepare for more testimony, the Rehome affairs minister.

We want him back here publicans who control Conwhere his people are. What is he achieving for the party in home affairs?" said an In-katha member of the parliagress and organised the hearings have so far failed to turn up substantial new facts and instead also face scrutiny for their own handling of both "In that way he chuld play

In the process, the hearings the role of party leader to its full extent, building the IFP themselves were also being transformed from the nhjecin the province and the rest of live inquiries they were killed the country, and challenging as into a larger field of haitle the ANC and its authoritabetween the conservative rian legislation." added legislature and a comparaanother legislator. tively liberal administration. The party will decide for-Commenting on the Sen-

Whitewater hearings focused

almost exclusively on the

suicide of Vincent Firster, a

White House aide helping

contain the fallout from re-

velations on Whitewater ven-

ture when he died in 1993.

More specifically, the Sen-

ate prube has centered un

allegations that other White

House staff members pre-

vented police from examining

Mr. Foster's briefcase and

office containing documents

mally sunday whether to call ate's investigation of Mr. Mr. Buthelezi back to the Clinton's past involvement in province, party sources said. After Mr. Butheleži's a real estate development venture known as Whitewaopening address, however, the focus appeared to shift ter, a political columnist for The Washington Post slamtowards his plan to win unfetmed it as a "macabre" and tered power in the prnvince 'indecent" exercise. and write a new, federalist In its first week, the

constitution. Mr. Buthelezi also called for a crackdown on ANC forces in KwaZulu-Natal. saying the existing level of violence could escalate if there was no return to law

and order. "A tragedy is being consumed in the remnte fields of KwaZulu-Natal which, unless stopped. may develop intn much greater bloodshed." he would be whether M1. said.

on Whitewater in the hours

after his death. Witnesses so far have included former Clinton aides including one recently sentenced to jail on a separate matter, and the hearings, hilled by Republicans as damaging for Mr. Clinton, have probed parts of the case in

minute detail. But contrary to Republican forecasts. They have so far failed to stir much passion outside the confines of the Capitol and instead risk raising questions on whether the hearings — the latest of several prohes — are needed

at all. The Republicans "relish this opportunity to bait Mr. Clinton from the privileged sanctuary of a solemn Senate investigation." The Washington Post asserted, notine that the affair has already heen

prohed by other hodies. "Some of them may realise that they look silly and mean fishine in a grave." it added. referring to Foster.

On the other side of the Capitol, the House of Representatives began its own hearings into the 51-day standoff in 1993 between federal law enforcement agents and members of the Branch Davidian sect in Waco. Texas. The standoff ended in a

raid of the sect's compound and a fire that left 81 people dead and the federal government's handling of the crisis has enme under sharp eriticism, notably by gun lobbyists and conservative legislators. The eall for congressional

hearings into the Waco disas-

ter got a fresh push following. the attack on April 19 this year - exactly two years after the fiery end to the siege

at Waco — on a federal building in Oklahoma, The Waco raid angered groups who have a general-ised suspicion of the federal gnvernment and officials have suggested that the sus-pects in the Oklahoma attack were among those upset by the Waco tragedy.

Like the Whitewater probe however, the Waco hearing has so far failed to elicit testimony supporting claims that federal agents acted wrongly or illegally or that the destruction of the cult's compound was planned. Instead, it became a vehi-

cle that Mr. Clinton used skillfully last week to defend not only the handling of the standuff itself but his own administration's stand against

He also strongly counter-attacked Republican legislators for blurring the distinction between the crimefighters and criminals.

Citing a 14-year-old girl's testimony that the cult's leaders had sex with her. Mr. Clinton asserted Thursday there was "nu moral equivalency" between the cult leader and the law enforcement officers tasked with stopping him.

He attacked his Republican opponents in Congress, saying elected officials who portraved federal agents as "snme sort of armed bureauctacy... ought to be

ashamed of themselves." Among the witnesses questioned in the first week of the hearings was former Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen. whose department was re-sponsible for some of the agents involved in the Waco

Mr. Bentsen confessed he had not been informed of an initial raid on the compound in Friday 1993 prior to the operation, and his admission

helped holster Republican claims of poor planning and execution But the harshness of the questioning he was subjected to also drew sympathy from

some legislators. Congress granted its long-delayed final approval to a bill chopping \$16.3 hillion

from housing, johs and other programmes, while a House panel voted to limit federal abortion aid to the pour.

In a day that shone a spotlight on the ascendancy of the conservative agenda in Washington, the Senate voted 91-7 Friday 10 whittle scores of already enacted social programmes. President Clinton, who had negotiated an easing of some of the cuts with congressional leaders. was ready to sign the measure, even though it slashes national service, education reform and some of his other domestic priorities. "I am pleased that hiparti-

san leaders of Congress worked with me to produce a gnod bill." Mr. Clinton said Suu K reuni with

famil: RANGOON San Suu Kvi band Michael youngest son Saturday to s Peace laureate time since sources in he

said.
The family
in January whil
dissident wa house arrest. quests by her i sequent visits t denied by the thorities here Ms. Suu Ky Ans in 1072 at have two sons 22. and Kim. 18 here with his fai

Ms. Suu Ky spent her 12th dom since her i 10 Saturday m. bers of her polit National Leagu cracy, and per-Meanuhile. well-wishers h outside her hou ly afternoon wh came to at the to make her appearance. During the she repeated a public to suppo to achieve dem

> rying Mr Aris drove into the after 4.00 p.m. depriving the telawaiting the 2: paji a view of A statement p Suu Ksi outside the benefit of v nalists said she w ing Sunday and no outside visite Meanwhile 2 5 in Burma's mili

eye-witnesses sa

des with mated

Two white-co

Chira LIBREVILLE dent Jacques C in Gabon Satu third leg of France's former onies, airport o Mr. Chirac. foreign tour since

Relati at site

SEOUL (AFP) relatives of the listed as missing month's depail disatives staged a in at the collar Salurday profes to rescue work. Television sho

the women in the tering at the cordon of riot shovels which he site by the shovels which he site by the reserving to the relative protesting comp cedures which is that a family killed in the Junithat has left added by last confective for the some 601. recovered defy ic and no trace has f the between still missing in

Shuttl

CAPE CANAVIDA (AP) — Color of the color of t days ago.

days ago.

The spaceshin ded up some 3.6 12.000 miles) as Although the fine at the seasontrol worsie humidity might and low cloud what scuttled Fing attempt. Fing attempt. Fing attempt as unrise touch As Discovery one more time remained favous mission control

reunites

with

said.

family

RANGOON (AFP) Augn San Suu Kyi's British hus-band Michael Aris and their

youngest son arrived here

Saturday to see the Nobel

Peace laureate for the first

time since her release.

sources in her household

The family had a reunion

in January while the Burmese

dissident was still under

house arrest, but visa requests by her family for sub-

sequent visits to Burma were

Ms. Suu Kyi married Mr.

Aris in 1972 and the couple

have two sons. Alexander

22, and Kim, 18, who arrived

here with his father Saturday.

Ms. Suu Kyi, meanwhile, spent her 12th day of free-

dom since her release on July

10 Saturday meeting mem-

bers of her political party, the National League for Demo-

cracy, and personal friends.

well-wishers had gathered outside her house by the ear-

ly afternoon when she briefly

came to at the entrance gate

to make her daily public

Meanwhile, about 400

denied by the military au-

thorities here.

# estival

ALZBURG, Australia
With a mixture of the sess and daring the tistic director General array has survived a series. Suu Kyi in-house bighering uggles for power in aday as it marks in miversary niversary. Si pointment in 1992 to ar old innovator who have his contract the il 2001 has incume the of traditionalists.

his energetic esponsistic dermity", which is as "dialectic be ancients and the "Right from the ted to give this h s events a new look ed that at the ende century the fee nt to stop being and ir and instead open a bid to "reinterpit id's great musical ary works for not ions." To do the ce with the very w sical style moulded any years by the Ge ductor Herben ajan, who was the a 1956 to 1960 and n from 1964 to tier was soon on a course with the k harmonic, which

of Verdi's opera 0 Belgian impresar d on independent osing production s. He refused to be; to record come ch he said used ajan which solos id have. Such freetice was an integral; openness being & rtier said.

#### ai 'ministerd ffic' gets aten by jams

NGKOK (R) is newly appear uster of traffic": of what ne is up a n he was travelled gkok army base x. :licopter. Depun : ister Thaksin Shirt to abandon his lime jump on the back przycle taxi je ma untment on time. LIBREVILLE (R) - Presi- in May, arrived from Ivory criticising other Western rowed to ease Bara d-famous traffic in six months, 44; a the helicopter fit. s-eve view of the

#### ots find snake Relatives of missing protest ockpit er takeoff

at site of Seoul store collapse IA. Russia ialof a Russian leibic itely still for mont hours perous make eduled landing W in the cockpil. y reported Friday? 14 had usi ises Chita en route io!! vinen the priors 26 their "dangetow " TTAR TASS eport in the Chillinava Careti, finally landed i in the western star if Omsk. where was removed. If said. It eid not 🕮 the occurred Autor ated that the siay boarded the in ia, because the int a trip to Harris China the day beli

d's rarest finds mate

ON (AFF) rares: wild herd macaw, has roub! ith the help of Br. is and is expects. e a family to said from extinen. Telegraph repti its kind hymi ak izilian ramfolosi a relationship at of the species ty - releases by British ST entists 52\ II is will produce it s later this ng to the Telev ring was made of DNA rest

were used to ". bird was a make bird was a made ided. Spix a made idee. Iong-tailed ined as a result and the desiral and the desiral and the railing railing. Brazilian raini e late 10005 ii to be extinct if n in 1990 steff male in northead he Telegraph S

ng its monopoli her. the conductor Q pado over a new p.

During the appearance. she repeated a call to the public to support her efforts to achieve democracy here, eye-witnesses said. Two white-coloured vehi-

арреаталсе.

cles with tinted windows carrying Mr. Aris and his son drove into the compound of Ms. Suu Kyt's house just after 4.00 p.m. (9:00 GMT), depriving the television crews awaiting the arrival of the pair a view of them.

A statement posted by Ms. Suu Kyi outside the gate for the benefit of waiting jour-nalists said she would be rest. ing Sunday and will receive oo outside visitors.

Meanwhile a senior officer in Burma's military government has said that the coun-

in Gabon Saturday for the

third leg of his tour of

France's former African col-

onies, airport officials said.

foreign tour since his election

SEOUL (AFP) - About 100

relatives of the scores still

listed as missing after last

month's department store

disaster staged a day-long sit-

in at the collapse site here

Saturday protesting the halr

Television showed some of

the women in the group bat-

tering at the shields of a

cordon of riot police with shovels which had left on the

site by the rescue workers.

who wound up most of their

The relatives were also

protesting compensation pro-

cedures which require proof

that a family member was

killed in the June 29 collapse

that has left 458 confirmed

But some 60 of the bodies

recovered defy identification.

and no trace has been found

of the between 144 and 154

operations Friday.

dead by last count.

to rescue work.

Mr. Chirac, on his first



Burmese dissident Aung San Suu Kyi makes one of her dally

try's diverse ethnic groups are enjoying peace and unity for the first time since independence more than 40 years ago, an official newspaper reponed Saturday.

The government had also negotiated with "certain polilical parties" and there is now "relevant cooperation" be-tween them, the English-language New Light of Myanmar quoted Lieutenant General Khin Nyunt as

He did not however elaborate and no mention was made of Ms. Suu Kvi, observers here noted.

"Thanks to the military," Khin Nyunt said, "all but one of the armed ethnic groups fighting against successive governments have struck ceasefire deals with the government.

The powerful first secret-

hold talks with president

Omar Bongo and five other

central African heads of

Mr. Chirac left Yamous-

soukro. Ivory Coast, after

worst civil disaster which also

the tonnes of rubble from the

five-storey building collapse had been cleared with heavy

equipment from the fourth

and lst basement level, the

frantic relatives began com-

bing city rubbish tips where

the rubble had been dumped.

store employees ID badges.

bones and bits of jewellery

embedded in the crumbled

Relief officials have prom-

ised gene indentification of

the unidentified bodies, but it

will take two months or

more, but feared that some of

the bodies would remain per-

They also argued that some

of those on the missing list

were unrelated to the col-

lapse, spawning a con-

manently unidentified.

masoniv.

They found, photographs,

Mid-week when most of

injured almost 1,000.

appearances to well-wishers outside her house (AFP photo) ary of the ruling State Law and Order Restoration Coun-

cil (SLORC) was speaking

Friday to a group of Kachin

Independence Army (K1A) leaders, the newspaper said. The KIA, one of 15 armed ethnic groups of have signed peace-for-development ceasefire deals with the SLORC. was in Rangoon to coordinate development projects for the Kachin State in northern

Burma, it said. Khin Nyunt told the KlA. leaders that the military's primary goal was to transform Myanmar (the SLORC's official name for Burma) into a modern de-

veloped state. A national convention responsible for writing a new constitution was in progress, and political parties and representatives of the armed groups were also taking part,

He left Ivory Coast after a

visit to pay homage to the

country's founding father,

late President Felix

Meanwhile the prosecutors

office Saturday formatly

charged the arrested Sam-

pong store owner. Lee Jun.

and four associates with man-

assets, as individual com-

Arrest warrants were

sought for seven construction

company officials and

architects of the building, for

modifying blue prints and us-

ing sub-standard materials in

huilding the Sampoong store

which collapsed on June 29.

struction and illegal modifica-

tions have been hlamed for

the collapse, and three dis-

trict officials have been

arrested for taking bribes

from Sampoong in return for

overlooking design changes

and illegal floor expansion.

Faulty design, shoddy con-

slaughter by negligence.

\$200,000.

Houphouet-Boigny.

confinen

was possible. He said he was happy with the level of cooperation on the issue between the two countries. Profile of Mile 1873 Chirac takes African tour to Gabon

"I feel- certain following our discussions today that we are going to see that cooperation move forward in the various forums that are open to us," Mr. Bolger said.

The New Zealand premier said there seemed to be a "second wave" of opposition to French President Jacques Chirac's June decision to approve a programme of eight underground tests in Mururoa Atoll from Septem-

Mr. Keating added that he believed Mr. Chirac may have been "Somewhat surprised" by the strong reaction of Japanese and European governments to the nuclear programme.

A senior Japanese politi-City authorities have cian announced plans Friday sought to freeze Mr. Lee's to join Australian and New Zealand politicians in the pensation money for the dead South Pacific protest flotilla expected to surpass to Mururoa.

> The announcement by Finance Minister Masayoshi Takemura, who has also suggested a Japanese consumer boycott of French goods, followed a statement by Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama Thursday accusing France of betraying the trust of nonnuclear states.

> Mr. Takemura vowed that he and members of his New Pany Sakigake would chaner a boat tin Tahiti and sail to Mururoa "definitely before September."

> Japan has also said it will sponsor, along with Austra-lia, and New Zealand, a resolution at the United Nations calling for a halt to the

Mr. Keating said further support for the U.N. resolution might be enlisted by September\_

He said the South Pacific Forum had already exercised substantial pressure on France and "we will be hav-

advance that pressure." Mr. Bolger and Mr. Keatafter attending the launch of Australian-New Zealand contract in Williamstown.

In Canberra, demonstrators chained themselves to

Mururoa.

# Sri Lankan army confirms 160 people died in blast

COLOMBO (Agencies) -The Sri Lankan military confirmed Saturday that 130 civilians and 30 Tamil rebels were killed in a blast in an explosives-laden truck in the northern Jaffna peninsula. "My source is our intelli-gence," military spokesman Brigadier Sarath Munasinghe

told a news conference in MELBOURNE, Australia Colombo. (AFP) - Australian and There had until now been New Zealand political leadno official confirmation of ers agreed here Saturday to reports that the truck had lead global pressure against

Australia,

unite

against

French

tests

N. Zealand

ramme in Mururoa Atoll,

maintain the pressure on France to modify its prog-

ramme, to desist from testing

weapons and also to encour-

age further international

focus on France," Mr. Keat-

ing told reponers after the

But the Australian leader

declined to match Mr. Bol-

ger's recent decision to send

an unarmed navy research

vessel, the Tui, to the test site

to accompany a planned pro-test flotilla of private yachts.

send a vessel to the area, Mr.

Keating replied: "No, we thought about that originally.

You send navy ships when

you want navy ships to do

He was also non-committal

on whether Australia would

join New Zealand in interna-

tional court action against the

weapons programme, casting

doubt on whether there was a

legal avenue and whether ac-

tion could be taken in time.

in the international court was

a "very narrow opportunity"

but that New Zealand would

pursue the legal avenue if it

Mr. Bolger said the action

navy things.'

Asked if Australia would

"We are determined to

French Polynesia.

exploded at Kokuvil on July planned French nuclear tests 12, and the casualties are still in the South Pacific. the subject of debate. Australian Prime Minister The explosion occurred Paul. Keating and his . New when Sri Lankan troops were Zealand counterpart Jim Boladvancing on territory held ger spoke for one hour about by rebels of the Liberation opposition to the tet prog-Tigers of Tamil Eelam

> a homeland in the north and "The LTTE has now cordoned off the area to the public," Brig. Munasinghe-

(LTTE) who are fighting for

The deaths are among the highest for civilians since Operanon Leap Forward was launched in the peninsula on

The International Commit-

tee of the Red Cross said 65 people were killed when the air force bombed St. Peter's Catholic Church at Navali on the first day of the offensive.

The military has said it still does not have access to the area and could not tell who was responsible.

Police Friday night raided the offices of the National Christian Council and detained a Methodist missionary from Michigan. The council's general

secretary, the Reverend Dr. Rienzie Perera, told Reuters Kenneth Mulder was being held on suspicion of carrying explosives for the rebels. Mr. Mulder, 26, was

travelling to the north with a church delegation led by the bishop of the Jaffna diocese of the Protestant Church of South India, Subramaniam Jebanesan, when he was detained in Vavuniya and brought to Colombo.

He is being held under the Prevention of Terrorism Act, police in the capital said. Questioning was at a prehiminary stage and explosives had not been mentioned, an: officer said. Mr. Mulder can without charges being brought.

Justice Minister G.L. Peiris said Mr. Mulder was found holding suspicious documents. The armed forces, now

preparing for the next phase of the offensive, say they have regained 78 square kilometres of territory in the

Brig. Munasinghe said food supplies to last one month were already arriving in the north for people dis-placed by the fighting. There were 2,000 to 3,000

people now in refugee camps. set up in the north, he added. .Tamil separatists have threatened to kill thousands of Muslim civilians unless they flee a town in northwestern Sri Lanka by Aug. 1. a police source said Friday.

"We need only an hour to turn Puttalam into a forest of dead bodies as we did in Kattankudi and Eravur," the rebels said in a letter sent to political and religious leaders and school principals Tuesday in Puttalam town.

The police source, who

spoke on condition of anonymity, read the letter in a telephone interview. It also appeared in the Daily News. a newspaper in Colombo, the Sri Lankan capital.

Most of 27,000 people in the town 120 kilometres north of Colombo, are Mus-

In August 1990, after issuing a similar warning, the rebels massacred 140 Muslims in a mosque in Kananku-di, and 122 more in Eravur. Since then people have returned to the two towns in eastern Sri Lanka.

Muslims, who form seven per cent of the population. have often been targeted by the rebels, since many of them live in areas claimed by the Tamil rebels as their homeland.

Last month, Muslims in the eastern town of Kalmunai received similar letters of warning, but the rebels denied sending them.

The latest threat has not forced the Muslims to begin fleeing Puttalam, police said. But authorities have put the local police on alert against a possible Tamil rebel attack

### Pressure mounts on Nigerian leader over sentences

LAGOS (R) — Pressure mounted on Nigeria's military ruler General Sani Abacha at the weekend over sentences given to 40 alleged coup plotters with more African leaders adding their voice

to calls for elemency. South African President Nelson Mandela and Ghanaia leader Jerry Rawlings are among the African leaders who have appealed to Gen. Abacha to commute the

Authorities have not disclosed the exact sentences handed down to the convicted coup plotters but newspapers say ex-head of state General Olusegun Obasanjo was given a life sentence and his former deputy Major-General Musa Yar'adua and 13 others sentenced to death.
In a separate development. a Nigerian firing squad executed 43 convicted armed robbers before a hushed

crowd of 1,000 people Saturday in Lagos, witnesses said. The convicts, out of 53 due to be shot Saturday, were executed in four batches at Kirikiri Maximum Security

Prison's execution ground, one eyewitness said. Controller of prisons for Lagos C.O. Odikpo said that 10 of those convicted had been granted a stay of execu-

The crowd at the execution

ground watched in total silence as the sentences were carried out, the same eyewit-

ness said. An official statement Friday said Lagos State Military Administration (governor) Colonel Olagunsoye Oyinlola had approved the excutions.

That statement said the convicted robbers included those terrorising innocent citizens of the state." It said robbery had recently reached risis proportions.

Col. Oyinlola has quoted by state television Friday as saying the executions would demonstrate the government's determination to curb violent crime in Lagos.

Robberies with violence have increased dramatically in Lagos and other urban-centres in Africa's most populous nation during re-Cent months. Local and international hu-

man rights groups, churches and professional groups bave appealed to the government not to execute any of the convicted coup plotters.

Some 117 people have been shot on coup charges in Nigeria since the country's first failed coup attempt to

Mr. Rawlings, current chairman of the Economic Community of West African States, said Friday after talks

with Gen. Abacha in Abuja,

A parliamentary commis-

sion that investigated the

circumstances surrounding

that he urged the general to temper justice with mercy following the latest coup

Mr. Rawlings said in a tele-

vision interview that Gen.

Abacha said he would have to consult with his colleagues in the governing Provisional Ruling Council (PRC). The sentences of the coup plot tribunal are subject to the confirmation of the council.

"I am very hopeful that the right thing will be done. I have a lot of confidence in General Abacha and members of his government," Mr. Rawlines said. Mr. Rawlings was in Nigeria

on a one-day visit to discuss regional issues with Gen. Abacha, including civil war in Liberia Mr. Mandela's deputy. Thabo Mbekt met Geo. Abacha in Nigeria Friday at

the start of a three-day official visit. Diplomats say the main purpose of the visit is to plead for clemency for Gen. Oba-

sanjo and other convicted coup plotters. Mr. Mandela earlier this week sent a message to Gen. Abacba expressing concern

over the sentences of Gen. Obasanjo and others. A South African official in Abuja said his country's de-

legation would make no pub-

lic comment until after Mr

Mbeki meets Gen. Abacha again sometime Saturday to finish talks began Friday.

Vanguard newspaper said Saturday that Salim Ahmad Salim, the secretary-general of the Organisation of African Unity, had also called for clemency in a statement issued in Addis Ababa.

Many Western nations.

who have been putting pressure on Gen. Abacha to return Nigeria to civil rule, have condemned the secret trial of the coup plotters. A row broke out this week

between Nigeria and the U.S. and former colonial power Britain over criticisms of the African government's human rights record and pace of democratisation.

Mild sanctions have been imposed by the West against Nigeria sioce the previous military government scrap-ped an election to restore democracy.

Businessman Moshood Abiola, the undeclared winner of the scrapped vote, has been in detention since June last year when he proclaimed himself president.

Gen. Abacha, who seized power in November 1993 after the annulled election, has promised to announce a traosition to civil rule programme on Oct. 1. Nigeria's Independence Day.

## Russian Duma takes final slap at reforms, adjourns

MOSCOW (AP) — Russian lawmakers accused government leaders of failing to meet their promises on economic reforms, taking a last potshot before adjoorning for

The State Duma or lower house of parliament passed a resolution declaring the government's economic performance for the first half of 1995 unsatisfactory.

It called on President Boris Yeltsin to "consider the issue of personal responsibility of . government leaders" for unsatisfactory implementation of the tasks he had outlined . earlier in the year. It also urged the government to make good on its promised payments to various sectors of the economy hy Sept. 1 and asked it to grant a loan of 2.7 trillion rubles (\$600 million) to the ailing agricultural

the war in Chechenya reported to the Duma that the main culprit in launching the war was Mr. Yeltsin. But the legislators, in a rush to begin their vacations or campaign for December parliamentary elections, decided to postpone discussions on the report until after the Duma reconvenes on Oct. 4. The less influential upper

chamber of parliament, the Federation Council, remains in session. Duma Speaker Ivan Ryb-

kin wasted no time switching into campaign gear, announcing at a press conference that he had formed a left-centrist election bloc that has been in the works for months.

Mr. Rybkin claimed the new group unites over 50 political parties, movements and public organisations and

is prepared to form a partnership with the powerful Agranan Party. The coleader is Col. Gen. Boris Gromov, commander of the Soviet army in Afghanistan. whose public popularity can only have been helped by his early outspokeness against the war in Chechenya. Another major new politic-

al bloc, Our Home is Russia, holds a two-day conference of its regional leaders in Moscow this weekend to plot strategy for parliamentary elections less than five months away. The group is led by Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin and is composed of many government ministers and Duma depunes who back government reforms. Meanwhile, an aide said Fri-

day Mikhail Gorbachev has no chance of becoming Russia's next president and should not run in the 1996

"I advised Mikhail Gorbachev that he should not run for parliament or the presidency. He has played his role in history and now he has no chance to become Russia's presideot," Vadim Med-vedev told the Interfax News

The former Soviet leader has hinted that he wants to run for president in next summer's election, but has not announced definite plans.

Mr. Medvedev, a counselor at the Gorbachev Fuod a think tank headed by the former president - said Mr. Gorbachev will make his intentions public only when campaigning actually starts.

Mr. Gorbachev is widely hailed in the west for laun-ching political changes that eventually led to the collapse of Communist rule in the former Soviet Union.

# Opposition accuses Shevardnadze of depotism

TBILISI (AP) — A powerful opposition lawmaker has accused Georgian teader Eduard Shevardnadze of authoritarian rule and called for collecting signatures to force his dismissal.

"Shevardnadze is trying to establish a dictatorship. covering his intention by talks about democracy, Dzhaba Toseliani, a member of the Georgian parliament and the leader of a powerful paramilitary group which Mr. Shevardnadze disbanded in May, told a news conference.

Mr. Shevardnadze has blamed heavily armed members of the 3.000-strong Mkhedrioni (the riders). later renamed to the Rescue Corps, for a crime wave which has engulfed Georgia. He has also criticised its defrance of authorities.

Last weekend, Mr. Loseliant said his group had

reorganised itself into a political party named Sakartvelos Mkhedrioni (the Georgian Riders) that will run in parliamentary elections in November.

Mr. Shevardnadze reacted quickly, accusing Mkhedrioni activists of killing five people last fall and encasing their bodies in a wall with concrete. .- Criminals will never come to power." he said Monday, commenting on Mkhedrioni's election bid.

On Friday, Mr. loseliani lashed out at Mr. Shevardnadze, accusing him of seeking to "introduce his own version of oriental despot-

Mr. loselliani was a key figure in the January 1992 rebellion which ousted Georgian President Zviad Gamsakhurdia. Several months later, its organisers invited Mr. Shevaradnadze, a former

Soviet foreign minister and a native Georgian, to assume the leadership. "We knew what kind of

person Shevardnadze was. but we believed that his popularity would help Geor-Mr. Ioseliani said. Now. Shevardnadze is making intrigues to get rid of those who brought him to

Mr. loseliani, who spent 10 years in prison for burglary during Soviet times and later became a playright, remains a popular figure in Georgia. On Friday, he said he may run in the presidential race in , the fall. The Georgian parliament has yet to consider whether to hold the vote.

"If I become president'. I will cancel all of Shevardnadze's decision," he said. Mr. Ioseliani also said he

had begun collecting signa-

tures to bring legal proceed-

ings against Mr. Shevardnadze.

Shevardnadze violated the law by appointing governors to province without the parliament's consent," he

Several previous opposition attempts to oust Mr. Shevardnadze have failed, and another influential opposition leader. Tengiz Kitovani, has been in jail since January after his failed attempt to lead attack on the breakaway Georgian province of Abkhazia in defiance of Mr. Shevardnadze's orders.

Meanwhile four assailants wearing military uniforms murdered a Georgian parliament deputy. Soso Makhaldiant, at his home in the mountain village of Chardzho in western Georgia, Interfax News Agency reported Satur-

#### still missing in the nation's troversy over compensation. Shuttle discovery lands in Florida

CAPE CANAVERAL, Flotida (AP) — Space shuttle Discovery and its five astronauts returned to Earth Saturday following a satellitedelivery and science mission prolonged by bad weather. Discovery glided through a hazy sky and landed shortly after 8 a.m. (1200 GMT) at

the Kennedy Space Centre. where the flight began nine davs ago. The spaceship almost ended up some 3,600 kilometres

(2,000 miles) away. Although the weather was fine at the seaside landing strip early Saturday, mission control worned that high humidity might result in fog and low clouds similar to what scuttled Friday's landing attempt. Flight directors jordered Commander Terence "Tom" Henricks to skip

a sunrise louchdown. As Discovery circled Earth one more time, the weather remained favourable and mission control notified the astronauts to come home and end their 5.9-millionktlometre (3.7 million-mile)

journey. "It's good to he back." Cmdr. Henricks said after the shuttle rolled to a neat stop on the concrete runaway. "Looks like a nice morning

NASA was determined to bring discovery back Saturday, either at Kennedy or Edwards Air Force Base in California. The space agency prefers Kennedy for landings because it costs about \$1 million to ferry shuttles from California to Florida.

Discovery was launched from Kennedy on July 13. more than a month late because of a pair of woodpeckers tht drilled some 200 holes into the insulating foam of the fuel tank Within six hours of liftoff.

Cmdr. Henricks and his crew

had completed their main job

by releasing a \$330 million

NASA communication satel-

The Tracking and Data Satellite was later boosted by an attached rocket motor into a 35.680-kilometre-high (22,300-mile-high) orbit. It joins a network of NASA satellites that link ground controllers with shuttles and science satellites After dispatching the

TDRS craft. the astronauts

speni a week conducting

medicul and military experiments. Also along for the ride was a creepy, crawly cargo of pregnant rats, fish embryos and tobacco worms that grew into space moths during the voyage. The creatures are western Melbourne.

The flight was a milestone in the transition from the historic mission control centre, a room made even more famous by Hollywood in the hit film Apollo 3, to \$250 million control centre.

subjects in reproductive and

developmental studies.

Australia and New Zealand at the next 15-nation South Pacific Forum meeting in

ing continuing dialogue with forum partners about how we ing met to discuss the issue warship built under a joint

the front of the French embassy to protest France's plans to resume nuclear tests. They also unveiled a large banner on the front of the building that said "SOS" حويلى تأبيز يرمياً عربية سياسية مستكلة تعدر بالايطلابية عن المؤسسة السحمية الاربسية

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# **Empty words on Bosnia**

THE WESTERN allies who met Friday in London to discuss the Serb onslaught on Bosnia again proved their indecisiveness despite their resolution to counter any attack against the Bosnian safe haven of Gorazde with a "substantial and decisive response." Presumably aiming to protect the U.N.'s presence in the enclave and in Bosnia in general. as British Foreign Secretary Malcolm Rifkind said, the allies did nothing more than freezing the situation on the ground leaving all the gains that the Serbs made in the past two weeks in place. Not only that, by not mentioning the enclave that already fell to the Serbs (Srebrenica) or others still under attack (Bihac, Zepa and Tuzla), the allies seem to be giving a licence to the Serbs to continue their advance on

Last week the French president, Jacque Chiraq, was up in arms demanding that the West intervene in force to put an end to Serb aggression. Likewise, the U.S. Congress was putting pressure on the administration to show more resolve in the crisis and to lift the arms embargo against Bosnia. Now, however, both the French and American positions seem to have been watered down considerably by Friday's announcement.

Nor did the allies decide on whether they should strengthen the U.N. presence or remove the U.N. forces altogether; stranding the U.N. and its forces in the same indecisive situation.

What this suggests is that the faction within the alliance that advocates minimum intervention (the British, the German and the Russians) has won the day. In fact, it is this minimum intervention, in other words inaction, that encourages the Serbs to continue their aggression knowing that they will ultimately get away with any gains they make on the ground, humiliating the U.N. in the process.

Surely, the allies, the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) and the U.N. must have at their disposal a number of options, short of overall intervention, to end Serb aggression and Bosnian suffering. But by failing to take action they will only give credence to the notion that the conflict is not merely ethnic and could very well be religious.

We cannot but agree with His Majesty King Hussein's description of the situation of Bosnia being "disastrous." And frankly we do not see in the London resolution much hope for ending the conflict.

### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A WRITER in Al Ra'i daily Saturday called for an Islamic nations' summit meeting to deal with the question of Bosnia and to try to come up with a formula aimed at saving the Bosnian people who face a cenocide at the hands of the Serbs. Sultan Al Hattab said the Muslim countries ought to realise that the Serbs are intent on pursuing their atrocities against the women, children and the sick and are determined to defy the United Nations and its peacekeeping mission. Indeed the Muslim World should realise that what is happening in Bosnia is a revival of neo-Nazism. which advocates ethnic cleansing and that all the statements and pledges given by the leaders of the Western world are not to be trusted since they serve no purpose. Indeed the Western stand presents the major powers condoning the atrocities and the Western slogans about human rights are all false, said the writer. Why are the Arab and Islamic Worlds silent vis-a-vis these massacres and why are the Europeans adopting a double-standard when it comes to dealing with questions pertaining to Arabs and Muslims? asked the writer. Why do the Europeans and the Americans show outrage when a Jew or a European faces injustice but keep silent about the massacring of innocent children in the heart of Europe? he continued. The writer said that the neo-Nazism era exposes the falsehood of Western bragging about democracy.

A WRITER in AI Ra't criticised the U.S. administration for demanding that the Iraqi regime show respect of human rights, stop repressing Iraqis and open the door for freedom and free expression as a condition for lifting the embargo on the Iraqi people. Describing this demand as ridiculous. Yousef Damra said that it is the United States which is depriving the Iraqi people of bread, medicine and milk and showing total disrespect and disregard to the Iraqi people's human rights. It is most outrageous to hear Washington making such a demand at a time when the whole world sees that the U.S. is intent on starving the Iraqi population, said the writer, who added that the ordinary Americans might believe the lies told to them by their leaders but the world at large realise the facts and so it is clear that the United States stands alone against lifting the embargo.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

# Failure to attract investment calls for soul-searching

WE SHOULD admit that all our economic development plans, and all our successive laws to encourage investments, failed to attract meaningful direct foreign investments. Yet we are still trying hard through conducting a large scale overhaul operation on our tax laws, with a view to improving the climate for Arab and foreign investors, hoping that the new laws may work.

hoping that the new laws may work.

The economic summit, scheduled to place here in Amman during the last three days of October, is another occasion which is being used to spread fresh hopes that foreign investments, which were waiting for peace, will now flow to the country. We are afraid that these hopes are unfounded and will end up in yet another disappointment.

The government went to Casablanca conference in 1994 with a lot of heavy weight projects; the estimated costs of which are over \$18 billion. It returned from Casablanca empty handed. Not one project was successfully sold, or was able to attract partners or financiers.

This time the government grew more realistic and humble. It prepared less projects which may cost around \$3.5 billion. This means that the size of the disappointment will be smaller, as the outcome of the second conference, as far as foreign investments in Jordan are concerned, may not differ from the first.

Some soul-searching is called for. We should ask ourselves about the reasons for failure to attract direct foreign investments, and whether the reasons have changed. Of course there is a new positive factor, namely the peace treaty between Jordan and Israel, which made Jordan a safer place and should convince hesitating foreign investors to proceed. But we were extremely unlucky in timing. Peace came when foreign investments in the developing countries were withdrawing at the speed of 10 per cent a month.

The economic crisis in Mexico, which erupted in December 1994, reversed the global investment trends, it convinced foreign investors of the industrialised countries that the apparent success of economic adjustment in the Third World countries, under the auspices of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), and its blessing, did not immune those countries against sudden collapse. The bubble burst in Mexico, despite the fact that its economic performance was described as a miracle, and despite the extensive flow of foreign investment. Mexico egnited a

When President Bill Clinton was in Amman last October, he addressed Parliament and solemnly committed America "not to let us down." Well, he is letting us down.

chain of collapse, or near collapse, in all Latin American countries, and consequently in the whole Third World. Foreign investments which flooded the so-called emerging markets is being withdrawn irregularly.

During 1994, several foreign investment funds applied to the government for approval to invest hundreds of millions of dollars in Amman stock-exchange. The government, as expected, hesitated for a long time, but finally gave its approval. The funds did not bother to respond. The mood of foreign investors has already changed, and their perception of investment opportunities in Jordan, as well as in all other developing countries, was altered under the impact of the Mexican crisis.

Foreign investments are desirable. They deserve encouragement and meaningful incentives. We must do all that we can to remove all obstacles that are removable, but it is not wise to expect much, or to formulate our strategy based on the assumption that foreign private sector's investments are coming.

What we badly need is public funds in the form of grants and soft loans. Promis, by friendly governments that their private sector will fill 1 gap should not be entertained. They are the equivalent of saying we are not ready to help. When President Bill Clinton was in Amman last October, he addressed Parliament and solemnly committed

American "not to let us down." Well, he is letting us down.

The claim by the Jordanian officials and IMF experts that the Jordanian economy is now growing at over five per cent could be a straight lie. The growth rate of the Jordanian economy at the moment is either negative or zero at best. This is of course my personal estimate. No one else dares to make this estimate. In the absence of accurate statistics, I claim to have the best guess in town.



# With cold war over, U.S.-China ties suffer

By George Gedda
The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — U.S. House Speaker Newt Gingrich wants to recognise Taiwan. Sen. Jesse Helms wants to strip China of trade benefits. The House voted last week to send an ambassador to Tibet, which China considers part of its territory.

staking ont stridently anti-Chinese positions is becoming more common these days now that the anti-Soviet glue that used to bind Beijing and Washington together is no longer there.

there.
The prior need to confront the Soviets produced a culture of caution in the two capitals, with both acting to ensure the relationship remained stable.
"There isn't that strategic

"There isn't that strategic convergence that we had when the Soviets were around," says Helmut Sonnenfeldt, of the Brookings Institution.

Treating Sino-American ties with disdain is not limited to members of Congress. President Bill Clinton, not wanting to stray too far from the pro-Taiwan congressional consensus, reversed longstanding policy in May when he granted a visa to Taiwanese President Lee Teng-Hui to visit Cornell University, his

alma mater.

The Chinese, in turn, have shown their defiance on a whole host of issues, including the arrest of a prominent Chinese-American dissident and its suspected secret missile deals with Iran and Pakis-

China as part of an ongoing leadership struggle...The Chinese seem prepared to believe the worst about the U.S.'

'Anti-Americanism is back in style in

"At the moment, Sino-American relations are in a free fall," former secretary of state Henry A. Kissinger

Nancy Bernkopf Tucker, history professor at Georgetown University, says China is an inviting target for newly empowered congressional Republicans who enjoy spouting anti-Communist rhetoric, making life uncomfortable for Mr. Clinton.

She believes antiAmericanism is back in style in Beijing as part of an ongoing leadership struggle. China's senior leader, Deng Xiaoping, 90, architect of China's economic reforms, has not been seen in public for well over a year, and his health is the subject of eonstant

"In the midst of a power struggle, it's hard to be seen as soft on anyone," said Tucker. Mr. Clinton administration officials are hopeful that the relationship will stabilise once the leadership question is resolved.

Meanwhile, the Chinese seem prepared to believe the worst about the United States. Several analysts said Republican Sen. John McCain fed paraonoia in

Beijing by saying that the U.S. decision last week to normalise relations with Vietnam will help counter

Chinese power in Asia.

The administration insists the decision was motivated by other factors, such an obtaining an accounting of American servicemen still missing from the Vietnam

war.

In hopes of easing strains, the administration has appealed repeatedly for high-level talks with China. The next opportunity will occur when Secretary of State Warren 'Christopher will be in Brunei two weeks from now at the same time as Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Quichen. Mr. Qian has yet to reply to Mr. Christopher's invitation for

a meeting.
From China's viewpoint, the biggest irritant was Mr. Clinton's decision to grant a visa to Taiwanese President Lee, defying Chinese efforts to isolate the leadership on what Beijing considers to be a renegade pro-

The admi stration has stressed repe: edly that the visa decision does not alter the U.S. view that Taiwan is part of China. Privately, officials say it is doubtful that Mr. Lee will be given a

visa for a return visit even though be has invitations from several members of

If Mr. Clinton's decision in May to issue a visa to Mr. Lee angered China, it flabbergasted members of his administration.

"We were all stunned," an official said, recalling all the prior statements that the visa would not be issued because of concern over the reaction in Beijing.

Less than two weeks after

Less than two weeks after Mr. Lee made his visit, China arrested Harry Wn, a naturalised American citizen who spent 19 years in a Chinese prison for his "rightist" views. He was taken into custody as he crossed the border into western China and has since been charged with illegally obtaining state secrets and other crimes. The administration, mindful that Mr. Lee has influential admirers in Congress and elsewhere, has been demanding his re-

China has not done so but a Foreign Ministry spokesman hinted Thursday at the possibility of leniency when he urged the United States to "adopt a patient attitude and wait to see the result of investigations."

# Bosnia: Theories of conspiracy

By G.H. Jansen

TWO DISTINCT views of the events in Bosnia seem to have emerged in the last two weeks, ever since the Bosnian Serbs began their offensive against the U.N. "safe havens" of Srebrenica and Gorazde and launched the latest round of "ethnic cleansing."

The first holds that these events, though undoubtedly tragic, are deeply rooted in history, complex and complicated and, therefore, not easy to understand. But this view is true only if those events are seen as discrete happenings, one thing after the other, mostly or wholly due to happenstance, a combination of accident, inexperience and ignorance. and not as part of a single According to this view, the helplessness of the U.N. and the West in the face of flagrant Serb aggression and "ethnic cleansing" is due to a lack of leadership or of a popular mandate to intervene forcefully, to ineptitude, even cowardice, but is not part of a grand

design.
However, increasing numbers of people have begun to believe increasingly in a second scenario which goes something like this: Some time ago the Western powers in Europe - France, Britain, Germany and perhaps others. with the U.S. in the wings - decided that they did not want a Muslim state and potentially an Islamic state to be established in the southeastern Europe in the area of Bosnia, even if the majority of the population there was Muslim; and that they would frustrate and defeat any attempt to achieve any such project. And since the Western European outsiders would need a local ally they would have to rely on the Serbs, fanatically opposed to the Muslim state idea, to stand. against and, hopefully, defeat and subjugate the Bosnian Muslims.

Those who deny the existence of this cynical scenario argue that the West would not be guilty of anything so "Machiavellian," meaning weicked and deceitful (thought it is unfair and even inaccurate ro ascribe such qualities to the ideas of a serious political analyst).

analyst).

But why should the rejection of a Muslim state in Europe be described as "Machiavellian." because there are perfectly good reasons why the Westerners should oppose such a thing. A Muslim state in Christian Europe would be the odd-man-out, sticking out like a sore thumb and bound to be the cause of divisions. suspicions. misunderstanding and perhaps even hostilitics.

To make matters worse,

from the point of view of the West. the Muslim countries are in a state of turmoil under pressure from militant Muslims so there could be no way of being certain that a Muslim Bosnia would not go the way of Algeria, or Afghanistan. In fact "Afghans" (Mujahedeen fighters from the Afghan civil war) are actually helping their coreligionists in Bosnia. A Muslim state in Europe could greatly encourage Islamic anti-governmental militancy in Turkey, the Central Asian republics. Egypt and Algeria, as well as among Muslim com-munities in Western countrics, all of which would be most unwelcome to the Christian West.

To achieve their aim in Bosnia the Western powers, from the start of the troubles, that is following the dissolution of Yugoslavia, innocently proclaimed neutrality between all sides in ex-Yugoslavia, thus ostensibly equating Serbs with Croats and Bosnian Muslims: which by itself

could be seen as an abdication of moral responsibil-

In order to project and

protect their policy, the Western powers needed active agents on the scene so. very quickly. Britain and France sent in contingents of troops, placed under the auspices of the U.N. But the U.N., and particularly its all-powerful Security Council, is dominated by its Western permanent members and so is quite "safe." But Anglo-French troops in UNPROFOR, besides being protectors of a humanitarian programme, were in effect hostages to prevent effective military action against the Serbs by any other party; for whenever any such action was mooted cries of protest went up that this would endanger the lives of the Western soldiers on the ground. And the Serbs turned the Western troops' presence to their advantage by threatening to take these troops hostage if ever NATO took air action. NATO, another "safe"

Western instrument was brought in to help the Western dominated U.N. Yet U.N. and UNPRO-FOR seemed to be doing entirely the right thing when they brought into existence the U.N. "safe havens" for the threatened Croats and Muslims menaced by the superior military strength of the Serbs. But these so-called 'safe havens" have turned out to be traps for innocent civilians. For when the havens were set up and UNPROFOR promised to give safety and protection they drew into them the threatened communities who subsequently discovered, when it was too late. that the forces deployed there lacked protective

In all fairness it must be said that when the bavens were being set up the military men pointed out that over 20,000 troops would be needed to provide effective protection, but only about 1,000 were actually made available. So we have seen "safe havens" are being protected pro forma by penny packets of U.N. troops of a few dozen or at most a few hundred men being easily overrun by the Serbs.

The "safe havens" were traps in y et another way. Once the Croats and Muslims were in the "safe havens" they were told that they no longer needed the protection of their heavy weapons and these were taken away from them by the U.N. The same was done to the Serb side. but whenever the Serb sclaimed to need such weapons, they poised them back which the other communition were not in a position to do.

If the 'happenstance' explanation of events in Bosnia is accepted then those events are indeed tragic and a shame to the Western powers, to the United Nations and to the basic principles of humanity and justice.

But if the scenario of no. Muslim state and no action against the Serbs is accepted as valid then Bosnia events are a splendid success. a victory for the West, because the danger of an Islamic Bosnian state has been totally dispersed, thanks to the Serbs.

The fact that increasing numbers of people are beginning to believe in the second scenario was demonstrated on Wednesday. July 19, when one of the "quality" daily newspapers in London published several letters to the editor and the newspaper put this heading above them: "Does the West really want the Muslims driven out of Europe?" In view of what has been happening and still is happening in Bosnia, the only likely answer to the question is most probably, yes."

JORDAN TIMES TEL: 667171 top right o

The Temple

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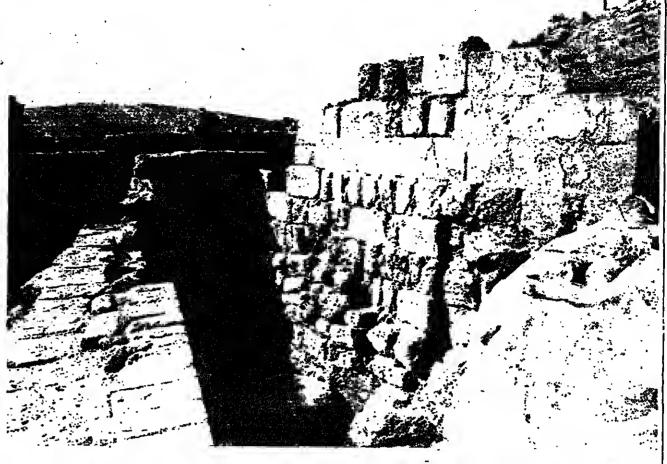
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The Temple of Zeus on the summit of the hill in the top right of photo; in the foreground, the excavated remains of the altar/temple adjacent to the Iron Age



A close-up view, of a wall (right side of photo) from the original early 1st century BC altar, with visible remains of plaster. The entrance to the "oracle' cave

is in the dark portion of the photo at the base of the wall (photos by Rami Khouri)

# Emperors, gods, revolts and political retribution: Reconstructing the architectural and political history of Jerash

This is the first of a two-part series. The second part will appear in tomorrow's news-

> By Rami G. Khouri Special to the Jordan Times

DESPITE ITS many splendid monuments and the considerable historical information they convey, the Greco-Roman city of Jerash has maintained mysteries that have challenged scholars for over a century. Why was the massive Temple of Artemis complex never completed? Why did the Roman city have two major temples, for Zeus and Artemis? Why was the Oval Plaza, often incorrectment of Antiquities. ly referred to as the forum. constructed in such a peculfar shape of a skewed oval? Why were the city and its. walls never extended south to link up with Hadrian's

After more than 13 years of excavations and historical analysis of the site. French archaeologist and architect Jacques Seigne has come up with a hypothesis that may explain some of these mysteries - while also clarifying important phases of the city's earliest years in the Hellenistic period. His theory comprises captivating tales of local political revolts and intrigues, persistent ethnic and religious rivalries, the interplay between politics and religion, and the influence of external imperial power. It is also an importani example of how orderly, patient excavations can uncover architectural and other material remains that in turn can shed light on important political, cultural and economic develop-

ments in ancient times. Happily for scholars and

interested laypeople, all of the excavations conducted under Mr. Seigne's supervision remain visible, in the area of the South Gate and the Temple of Zeus. The work has been undertaken by the French Archaeolo-gical Institute in the Middle East (IFAPO), which is funded by the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs, in cooperation with the Jordanian Depart-

One of the most important questions Mr. Seigne has tried to answer is about the earliest phases of the Hellenistic settlement or town. The founding of Gerasa (Jerash's Roman name) by Hellenistic forces in the late 4th century B.C. is well known from literary references and indirect inferences from some later material evidence; hut no architectural evidence of structures from the 4th/3rd centuries B.C. has ever been documented at the

Mr. Seigne, the acting director of the Amman office of the IFAPO, believes this is due to the fact that the modern region of north Jordan in that period was located in an unstable frontier zone that was constantly fought over by the two major local remnants of Alexander the Great's Hellenistic forces — the Ptolemies based in Egypt and the Seleucids based in

Jerash was not a logical site for a major military outpost, because of its poor

strategic position within a wide, shallow valley, surrounded by hills, in an unstable frontier region that was contested by Ptolemies and Seleucids for more than a century. There may have been a small Hellenistic garrison at Jerash, but no greater Hellenistic presence that would have left behind architectural re-

The indigenous, non-Hellenised local population that lived at the site occupied a small village or town on the hill that now houses the archaeological museum - across the Oval Plaza from the Temple of Zeus. The local Semitic population called their settlement "Garshu."

When the Seleucids under King Antiochus IV. achieved political and military dominance of this region in the 2nd century BC. conditions were ripe for economic expansion and urban growth. The city of Jerash as we know it now was effectively "founded" in the 2nd century BC. when its expanding Hellenised population called it "Antioch on the Chrysorhoas" (the Chrysorhoas is the name of the stream that still runs through the city). The Hellenised new arrivals in the city were wealthy enough to import goods from around the Eastern Mediterranean, as evidenced by stamped imported amphora Istorage

and shipping jars). Mr. Seigne believes that the new Hellenised population that settled in Jerash by the mid-2nd century BC a combination of Greeks and Hellenised people from Syria and Egypt initially established themselves across the valley from the native Scmitic Garshuites, on the hill that now accommodates the Zeus sanctuary. This may not have been haphazard decision, but rather a deliberate political statement and act.

The French team's recent excavations on the Zeus Sanctuary lower terrace have uncovered - beneath several Hellenistic temples and altars — a high place and cave that may have been revered by the local Garshuits as a holy "ora-

Iron Age levels were ex-cavated inside the cave. and in front of it several layers of ash remains might reflect the use of the area for animal sacrifices. Burial caves from the Iron Age are known from other areas in the vicinity of the southern parts of the city, but this cave had no remains indicating burials. An Iron Age burnished bowl from the cave is very similar to Mesopotamian vessels that are depicted on Neo-Assyrian temple reliefs. usually held by women approaching a temple. It could be that the main cultic high place of pre-Hellenistic Garshu that honoured a female goddess (an Astarte, perhaps) was located on the museum hill. as part of the civilian settlement, and that this high place/cave was one of several other secondary cultic places that worshipped other Semitic gods. such as Baal Shamin.

The newly dominant Seleucids appear to have respected the sanctity of the cave, and may have transformed it into a holy site where the Greek god Zeus was honoured alongside the cave/oracle's local Semitic deity. The Hellenistic newcomers' political statement to the local Semites in the mid-2nd century BC would have been rather emphatic: We, the

new Seleucid powers in Garshu, have taken control of the oracle cave and have introduced the cult of Zeus alongside the existing Semitic cults.

The new Seleucid population initially did not appear to have significantly altered the cave in the mid-2nd century BC. They may have built simple walls around the cave to create a holy precinct, and they may have erected small altars dedicated to the cult of the "oracle." (One such altar was exavated and now stands amidst other stone pieces on the lower terrace platform today; its inscrip-tion includes a dedication - not to Zeus, but to the deity Verity (Truth), and it mentions a Syrian philosopher named Appolonius who is known to have lived at Jerush and to have given oracular information to the Emperor Hadrian upon the latter's visit to Jerash. Such circumstantial evidence strengthens the theory that the high place/cave may have served as an oracle).

By around 70 BC, the former cave precinct had been embellished with a massive stone altar and an adjacent small temple. the 6 × 9-metre cella, or central chamber, of the temple was located directly above the cave.

The development of the Temple of Zeus Sanctuary starting in the mid-2nd century BC was the first major urban project undertaken hy the Seleucid settlers at Jerash. In fact, for the nearly two and a half cereturies from the mid-2nd century BC until 80 AD (when the South Theatre was built], no other monument has been firmly identified at Jerash except for the Zeus complex. The gradual expansion of the Zeus complex during this time

areas." said Alexander

Ivanko, a U.N. spokesman.

peacekeepers in Bosnia

would get more guidance

once their commander.

Lieutenant-General Rupert

Smith who attended the

meeting in London, returned

The United Nations con-

Mr. Ivanko said

reflects rising political and economic power of its Seleucis patrons and followers who came to dominate life at Jerash after the 2nd century BC.

The Zeus Temple complex was expanded and rebuilt several times in the period between the mid-2nd century BC and around 70 AD, and these consecutive rebuildings have heen well documented in the recent excavations. Before 50 BC, the site accommodated the cave, a massive stone altar, and the small temple above the cave; remains of all three of these facilities can be seen today, The temple was decorated with painted and moulded stucco. It is not known precisely when before 50 BC these three facilities were first huilt. Based on parallels from similar temples in this · region. Mr. Seigne thinks they may date from around 70/80 BC. but this is more of an educated guess than a proven certainty.

Around 50 BC, the temple/altar/cave complex was surrounded by a terrace whose shape was slightly smaller than the current terrace. The wall of this mid-1st century BC terrace can be seen only below ground level, from within the vaults that are now used during the Jerash Festival. Around 9/10 AD. according to an inscription recently discovered, the west side of the terrace was vaulted to form a corridor. In 27/28 AD, the terrace/ courtyard was extended mainly to the north and east, the vaulted corridors were extended to all four sides, and a staircase was built giving access to the temple from the area of the Oval Plaza (though the plaza itself was not yet huiltl.

An inscription mentions the name of the architect

certain Diodorus, son of Zebedas (note the combination of Hellenistic and Semitic names, reflecting the synthesis of indigenous and imported foreign cultural traditions that has long characterised the cultures

of the land of Jordan). The next major change in the city's fortunes appears to take place around 70 AD, which corresponds to the main political development in the region at that time - the first Jewish revolt against Roman rule in Palestine. A historical text by Flavius Josephus mentions that during the political and military battles between the ruling Romans and the local Jewish population. Jerash did not react to the Jewish revolt in the same manner as other cities. In most of the cities of

the region, local populations are reported to have sided with the Roman emperor and attacked or subdued their native Jewish populations. At Jerash, we are told by Josephus, the local population protected the Jews. The Roman emperor Vespasian may have interpreted the actions of the Jerash population as an anti-Roman stand, and thus his forces attacked an sacked the city. The supreme act of retribution against the people to Jerash would have been the destruction of their temple. a firm and harsh demonstration of who was in political control at that time.

Excavation evidence reveals burning and destruction levels from this time. and two inscriptions from Jerash note that local peopre financed the rehuilding of the Zeus sanctuary in 69/70 AD. This is also affirmed by the excavations, which reveal a rehuilding of the temple com-

plex at this time — but on a different axis than the Hellenistic temple, in order to align the temple with the terrace/courtyard. This new temple, with walls built of alternating white and pink limestone. has no known parallels anywhere in this region. It completely surrounded the earlier sacred facilities and acted more like an "envelope" enclosing them than a totally new cultic facility in its

The South Theatre was built near the temple complex in the decade following 69/70 AD, which marks the beginning of the urban expansion of the city in the late 1st century AD. The rebuilt Zeus Temple continued to respect the sanctity of the earlier holy structures: from within the temple people could pass through two underground vaulted corridors to reach a room from which they could see the foundations of the previous temple and altar.

At the end 1st/early 2nd century AD, the next major urban project was undertaken — the con-struction of the main colonnaded street of the city. the so-called Cardo, linking the north gate of the city with the Zeus Temple complex at its southern end. (This street at Jerash is not a true "cardo," which usually crossed the entire length of a city. This street links one end of the city with its temple - a typical characteristic of the synthesis between Semnic and Greco-Roman urban lavout). The North Gare was built in 115 AD, and the peculiar shape of the Oval Plaza reflected the need to align the layout of the Cardo with the entrance to the temple — the main temple in the city at that time.

# King urges firm stand

(Continued from page 1)

the world cares, that it is capable of making a stand." His Majesty said Jordan will respect the arms embargo imposed by the U.N. on the warring parties in the republic and called for a firm stand to be taken by the international community.

He said Jordan is concerned about the safety its peace-keeping deployed

Yugoslavia, but nevertheless the kingdom was also concerned about the situation facing the U.N. and the international community.

'We are worried about our soldiers obviously, but we are worried that the challenge that the U.N. and the international community are facing...is a humiliation to troops everyone, to all that we repformer resent everywhere."

### Egyptian court

(Continued from page 1)

function openly. Some of its to replace the government members have even been elected to parliament under non-violently. the banner of other opposition groups or as independents. Egypt's constitution prohibits pulitical parties

based on religion. Among those whose detenlinn was renewed is Essam Al Eryan, a doctor and Brother-

government has allowed it to told reporters that he aimed with an Islamic regime, albeit

. Mt. Hodeihy said Al Ervan and other Brotherhood iletainees have summaned their lawyers to work out a way fur them to be nominated and run in the election as independents while in prishood leader who has openly on.

# Zepa expected to fall

(Continued from page 1)

Chechenya talks

a day after the London cunference of 16 nations involved in the international efforts in Bosnia called after Serb forces overran the safe

area of Srebrenica on July 11. A conference statement condemned the Serh attacks on Zepa and Srehrenica and said the Serbs faced a "substantial and decisive response" if they attack uttacks against U.N. safe

(Continued from page 12

Rebels attacked federal

troops' nutposts in the

Chechen capital, Gruzny,

overnight Saturday. Two re-

hel fighters were killed, In-

A Russian soldier was kil-

led when rebels opened fire

some 30 times throughout

Chechenya, the agency said.

The skirmishes were mainly

lages, the rebels' strongholds.

Eleven people were

seriously wounded Triday

when a passenger hus hit a

in southern mountain vil-

terfax said.

Gorazde, the third U.N. safe area in castern Bosnia.

U.N. officials in Bosnia gave a cautious welcome Saturday to the conference warning hut admitted they were unclear on how this would translate into action. "It is important for us that

the international community expressed its desire to deter

land mine in Yandy, south-

west of Grozny, the Russian-

backed provisional govern-

ITAR-TASS said two civi-

lians were badly wounded

overnight when Russian

froups shelled the village of

Achkhoy-Martan. 25

kilometres southwest of

ment reported.

Gregny.

firmed on Saturday that Serb forces from neighbouring Creatin and their rebel Muslim allies had gained some 130 square kilometres of territory in an offensive against the Bihac enclave.

to Sarajevo Sunday.

Frantlines to the west of Bihac, in northwest Busnia. remained active hut at much lower levels than in recent

part of which is a U.N. safe

days, said Coward. However, Croatia has moved a 2,000 troops nearer. to frontlines. Zagreh has said further attacks on Bihac threaten its strategic in-

In Sarajevo aid convoys arrived in the Bosnian capital The village also was the for the second day running site of an anti-Russian rally protesting the mining of after a break of more than a month. Several loud exploanother has carlier in the sions were heard in the centre week, ITAR-TASS said. of the city before midday but Two people were killed in that incident, and 11 woundthere were no reports of

Meanwhile the United States pressed Saturday with plans for tough military action in Bosnia, brushing aside criticism that the London conference had not led to a strengthening of the West's resulve to stop Serh anacks.

President Bill Clinton was to meet with his top advisers later in the day including Secretary of State Warren Christopher who attended the conference on the worsening crisis in Bosnia. the White House said. We have a plan, and the

NATO military committee is going to out the details on the hig air campaign," Defence Secretary William Perry said on his way back to Washington.

Under normal circumstances planning for the campaign would take around four days, but it could be accelerated "if something had happened" such as an attack hy Bosnian Serb forces on the enclave of Gurazde, Mr. Per-

'We've got a very difficult mad ahead of us," Mr. Perry sold. "All I can say is, coming out of that meeting we're arm-in-arm trying to deal with thuse difficult problems. Were we not arm-in-arm. there would not be a

chance," he added. At the White House, Mr. Clinton's aides stressed that the common ground reached in London would translate into action unlike previous threats that have bad limited

impacı. I'm telling you, this is different." said National Security Adviser Anthony Lake. "This is very serious." White House spokesman Michael McCurry described the White House talks as a "look at where we stand" rather than a decision-

making meeting. Mr. Perry sent aides directly to the headquarters of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) in Brussels for weekend talks that were to work out the details of the proposed air campaign.

The administration's resolve to thughen the international stand on Bosnia came as the Senate prepared to forge ahead with a resolution to unilaterally lift the arms

embarga on Bosnia. Next week, the United States Senate will vote to lift the arms embargo on Bosnia nnce the U.N. forces have heen withdrawn." Republi-

can Senator Mitch McConnell said in a radio address. "This vote is about giving

the Bosnian people a chance. It is also about standing up for American principles of justice and fairness," he said.

The Republican-run Congress has maintained that lifting the arms embargo would allow Bosnian government troops to better defend themselves against the Bosnian Serbs who inherited the weapons of the former rugoslav army.

Mr. Christopher said after the London talks broke up that "there will be no more pinprick strikes. If the Serhs are wise, the situation in Bosnia will be stabilised. If they choose to attack Gorazde, they will suffer very gravely.

Senior U.S. officials. speaking on condition of anonymity, said the "dualkey" system - wherehy both NATO and the United Nations must agree to military action - had been modified to circumvent civilian U.N. officials, notably U.N. special envoy to the former

Yugoslavia Yasushi Akashi.

Military action is in be decided jointly by General Rupert Smith, commander of the U.N. Protection Force in Bosnia, and Admiral Leighton Smith, commander, of NATO forces in southern

# Banks frustrate West Bank Palestinians; deposits do not translate into local loans

By Amy Dockser Marcus Wall Street Journal

RAMALLAH, West Bank - At a conference on the Palestinian economy, Mohammad Nashashibi, finance minister of the Palestinian National Authority, bitterly attacked the banks that recently began operating in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. The banks, he charged, are 'sucking deposits out of the country without participating in building infrastructure or encouraging invest-

Mr. Nashashibi's harsh words are a far ery from the high hopes that greeted the banks when they opened fol-lowing the 1993 Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation peace accord. Creating a modern banking system is a key element in the development of a strong Palestinian economy. But Palestinian economists say the vast majority of the deposits collected since the signing of the accord have been transferred out of the country, primarily to the banks' home offices in Jordan. Economist Moham-

ABU DHABI (AFP) - The

Gulf state of Oman marks the

anniversary of its ruler this

week as it presses ahead with

reforms to tackle financial

problems and fortify its eco-

nomy against the fluctuation

Officials said Oman, which

on Sunday celebrates the

25th year of reign by Sultan Qaboos Ibn Said, had made

progress in its drive to ex-

pand the non-oil sector and

would press ahead with priva-

'We have achieved posi-

tisation and other reforms.

tive results from the reform

programmes. You can see

such results in the growth in

the non-oil sector and the

increase in local and foreign

investment," said Mahmoud

Jarwani, director of the Mus-

'We are pushing ahead

with such programmes

able. We have sold some

institutions to the private sec-

tor and there are multi-

billion-dollar projects to be established as joint

government-private ven-tures," he told AFP from

Mr. Jarwani listed a pet-

rochemical project worth

around \$700 million and two

sewage treatment plants at a

cost of around \$730 million.

also on the cards while a

similar venture has already

been launched. It involves

setting up a power station in

the central region of Minah at

a cost of around \$70 million.

found feasible and approved.

But we are studying hundreds

of applications for investment

in various fields, including

industry, agriculture, tour-

ism. fishing and mining," Mr.

Oman launched reforms in

the past five years, with the

sale of five public institutions

and plans to privatise other

facilities. The latest privatisa-

tion involved the state-owned

Oman Cement Company,

which has just finalised a deal

Jarwani said.

These projects have been

A major power project is

Muscat on Saturday.

according to a studied timet-

of oil prices,

Oman pursues reforms

to ease reliance on oil

mad Sarsour estimates the total drain to be at least \$500

We are looking for the banks to be the backbone of the Palestinian economy." says Mr. Sarsour, vice president of Bir Zeit University in Ramallah. "They are key players. If they invest here. they give others the confidence to invest. But instead of the money being invested in Palestinian territory, it is being deposited outside the

When the Israelis captured the West Bank and the Gaza Strip in the 1967 war, they shut down the 33 bank branches then operating there. Since then, the Palestinians kept their savings at home, relying on the local moneychanger for any banking

The Nablus branch of the Cairo-Amman Bank of Jordan was reopened in 1986 under the joint supervision of the Israeli and Jordanian central bank to help redress the situation. Today, following an Israeli-Jordanian agreement permitting Jordanian banks to reopen branches in

ble production capacity.
The reforms also included

allowing foreigners to trade in the stock market, free in-

terest rates, introducing new

incentives for investors and

permitting foreigners to fully

the non-oil industry.
"We have prepared studies

for major mining projects to be carried out jointly with the private sector," an Omani oil ministry official said. "They

include exploitation of gyp-

sum, copper and other ele-

In an earlier interview, Mr.

Jarwani said the reforms had

attracted around \$520 million

in 1994 and between \$650

million and \$780 million were

expected to be invested this

year. He said investment

years due to an expected

fifth development plan,

which will focus on economic

diversification, according to

Japanese International Coop-

eration Agency at the request

of the Omani government en-visaged spending of between

\$1.35 billion and \$2 billion on

industrial projects during the

1996-2000 plan to attain a

growth rate in the non-oil

sector of 13-18 per cent. It

also proposed investing be-tween \$3.2 billion and \$6

billion in the following de-

velopment plan to realise a

growth rate of 16-21 per cent.

800,000 barrels per day of oil

and weak crude prices have

created deficits in its budget

and balance of payments,

triggering a reform drive and

forcing it to cut expenditure.

But officials expect a surge

in revenues when two major

gas projects are commis-

sioned. They include an eight-billion-dollar liquefac-

tion plant with an output

eapacity of six million tonnes

per year and an underwater

pipeline to supply India with

nearly 30 million tonnes of

Oman produces around

economic upturn.

officials.

would increase in the coming

Oman is about to launch its

ments in the country."

wn some projects, mainly in

now eight banks with 23 branches operating in the West Bank, including in cities still under Israeli control. All but two are Jordanian-

The added competition has made some difference. When Cairo-Amman had the field to itself, it gave zero interest on deposits; now many banks offer 5 per cent interest. Customer service has improved. But for Palestinian business people, it is still difficult to obtain loans and letters of credit, problems the reopened banks were supposed to alleviate.

'A businessman with a well-known family can get a loan, but for a starting entrepreneur, it's very diffi-cult," says Rivad Al Suleh, a prominent Ramallah usinessman who owns the Al Suleh Furniture Factory. Loans for more than 24 months are exceptional and you still can't get a letter of credit unless you're willing to put up all the money." Bank officials are aware of

the criticism, but say the situation is the result of political instability and the lack of a developed capital market. At a Jerusalem roundtment opportunities in Jordan able sponsored by the Israel/ than in the West Bank. Palestine Centre for Research and Information. Gad Marx, an official at Catro-Amman's deputy rethe Bank of Israel, the cen-

tral bank, says that for the time being, the banks have no choice but to transfer the funds to Jordan. Only Jordanian banks, he says, will pay interest on Jordanian-dinar deposits. So until investment opportunities in the territories increase and bank fears over repayment are eased. for banks in the West Bank to pay a fair interest rate to their customers, the only alternative is the Jordanian system, says Mr. Marx.

The newly formed Palestinian Monetary Authority says it plans to require banks to reveal deposit transactions and financial dealings on a monthly basis to ensure that more money is invested locally. In the meantime, says Mr. Al Suleh, "even with all these new banks here, for now I still rely mainly on Israeli banks for my banking needs," and so do most businessmen that I know.

### World Bank urges Yemen to speed up economic reform

dollar.

been spent.

form programme.

front actions.

Mr. Koch-Weser said;

The may budget is begin-

continue the reforms prog-

Mr. Koch-Weser said that

he felt a strong commitment

by the Yemeni government

to expand the economic re-

"To maintain the momen-

speedily and with strong up-

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INDOAJ

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Saturday's

SANAA (R) — A World (\$700 million) from 62 billion Bank official has said aid to rials (\$1.25 billion) at the Yemen could triple if econo- official rate of 50 rials to the mic reforms are carried out speedily, but has warned Sanaa not to expect more support if implementation of bank-financed projects is de-

Caio Koch-Weser, a vicepresident of the bank in charge of the Middle East and North Africa, has told a news conference in Sanaa: "I am optimistic of the current economic reforms adopted by the Yemeni government." He pledged backing for in-

creased World Bank aid. "In fact our contribution to Yemen's strong reform effort could more than triple in the next three years compared to last three years."
Mr. Koch-Weser, who ar-

rived in Sanaa last week, gave no figures. Sanaa last March increased

the price of petrol and services following talks with the bank and the International Monetary Fund on economic reforms, including ways of curbing its budget deficit.

Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani has said the measures helped cut the forecast 1995 deficit to 35 billion rials

#### Japanese oil imports from Oman fall

MUSCAT (AFP) - Japan slashed its oil imports from Oman by nearly 27 per cent. in the first five months of 1995 while Thailand more than doubled crude purchases from the Gulf state, an official report has said.

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\*\* Director Gen

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ning to show some positive Japan imported around 230,000 barrels per day (b/d) results and confidence in the economic prospects of Yeof Omani oil during that men is being restored. "The period compared with nearly 313.000 b/d during the first five months of 1994, said the report, carried by the official Yemeni government should ramme and made no further delay of the implementation Omani news agency.

of projects financed by the-World Bank," he added. But Japan remained the top oil client of Oman, receiving around 35 per cent of He said Yemen could not its total crude exports in the expect more support while \$300 million had still not first five months of 1995. Thailand's crude imports

from Oman jumped to around 118,000 b/d from 45,000 b/d during the same period while South Korea's purchases declined to around 107,000 b/d from 123,000 b/d. according to the report.

It showed Oman's total tum, it would be necessary to crude oil exports dropped to implement its programme nearly 666,000 b/d in the first months of 1995 from 736,000 b/d in the same period of

# **CROSSWORDS NOT RECEIVED**

### HOROSCOPE

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Forget those ideas of taking revenge on others who have hurt you today, but rise above it all. Establish

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Both you and partners are in the mood to change agreements reached, but time is not right today, so

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Get busy on some creative matter today and forget about amusements which only waste your time and money.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Prevent arguments at home which could cause much trouble today, and don't react to some careless word which may be uttered.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) This is a good day to be whatever you can be inspired and can become more cheerful fi's important you walk or drive with care. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Take care you do not do

though others may try to pressure you. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) A feeling of frustration may have you confused so don't run off on any tangents you could

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Try to look at any problematical affairs you may have today from the standpoint of being stepping stones to greater success.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Don't come to a quick decision about something which means a great deal to you or it could bring trouble later today.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Don't take any risks in outside affairs or you can get into real trouble today, so saleguard

Birthstone of July: Ruby - Tiger's Eye

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JULY 23, 1995

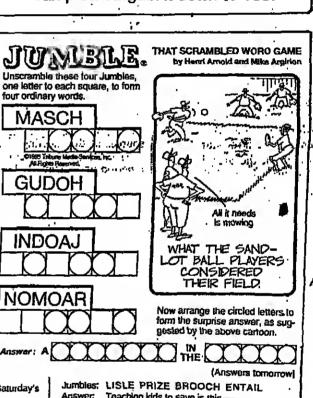
**GEMINI:** (May 21 to June 21) There are many tasks to be completed so get nid of that feeling of resentment and then you get good results with it.

something foolish today where your possessions are concerned.

PISCES: [February 20 to March 20] You want to make all kinds of changes, even in your philosophy of life, but it is best to stand firm



I can plea bargain it down to 185."



Jumbles: LISLE PRIZE BROOCH ENTAIL Teaching kids to save is this — CENTSIBLE

## to 10-month lows ton's oan on U.S. trade with

LONDON (RI — World oil prices collapsed to 10-month lows on Friday, pressured by surplus Iranian barrels and healthy U.K. North Sea sup-

London September futures for North Sea Benchmark Brent blend sank to \$15.45 a barrel, the front month's lowest level since last September before recouping some lost ground to close at

to explain the market's drop. there's a lot of sour crude around and also rising pro-duction from the North Sea with maintenance programmes over," said Panibas capital markets energy analyst Philip Morgan.

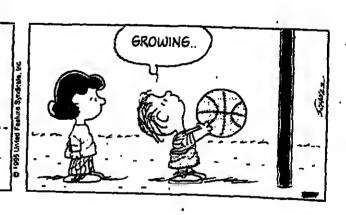
Iran is beginning to bite. Iran

companies were lifting 500,000 b/d of Iranian crude.

Oil Company (NIOC) denies there is any problem. "We had a hiccup 15 to 20 days ago, but now everything is running smoothly," said a Meanwhile, supplies of

North Sea crudes are also depressing the market. U.K.

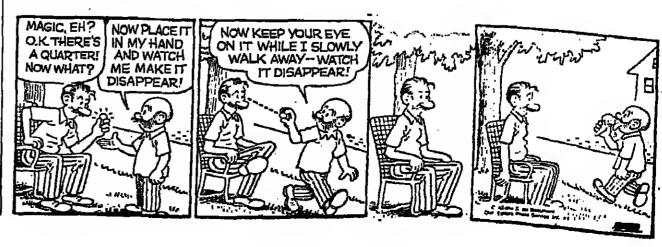




### **Andy Capp**



### Mutt'n'Jeff



# Russia, Libya sign trade deal

with a Japanese firm to dou- natural gas per day.

and Libya signed trade and ral and trade ties." technical conperation accords bere Salurday wirth some \$1.5 billion including Russian help for Libya's embargo-hir

Interfax news agency said that under the deal, signed by Russian Deputy Prime Minis-Earlier this month U.S. President Bill Clinton called ter Oleg. Davidin and Lihvan Energy Minister Abdallab Salem Al Badri, Russian companies will help build oil and gas pipelines, power stations and electric power lines in Libva.

A Russian-Libyan joint investment company, the first of its kind, will also he set up to invest Libyan capital in Russia.

Mr. Davydov said economie ties had "enoled" about 215 years ago because of the

debts Libya oweil to the former Soviet Union, amounting to \$2.4 billion. "but the problem has been resulved," Mr. Darydov said international sanctions against Libya "bave no particularly firm foundations," and be praised

"paying the way to the res-

MOSCOW (AFP) - Russia toration of economic, cultu-

We fully support Libya's striving to have the sanctions lifted. Mr. Davydov said. Mr. Badri also met Russian Prime Minister Viktor Chermmyrdin on Saturday.

for tougher international sanctions against Libya, indicating a global oil embargo may be needed. The U.N. Security Council imposed an air and arms embargo on Libya in 1992, to force Tripoli to hand over

two men whom Britain and the United States insist were involved in the hombing of a Pan-Ain 747 airliner over Scotland in 1988. In December 1993 the

U.N. also imposed a freeze on Libyan assets held overseas and sanctions on oilrelated equipment. However, the freeze does not affect profits from oil sales.

On July 12 Mr. Climbar Said new probes had unconvered evidence that the curthe new economic deal as rent sanctions had been

#### for economy — survey RUWAIT (R) - Most Ruwaitis oppose making sac-nifices to help the govern-ment eliminate its budget de-1.465 hillion dinars (\$4,899 hillion) in the fiscal year 1993/94 (July/June), equiva-

Kuwaitis shun sacrifice

ficit, even though they know the shortfall could damage their way of life, according to a survey published on Satur-

A poll of 300 Kuwaitis conducted by Al Sevasseh newspaper showed 82 per cent opposed the introduction of unspecified measures of economic stringency to help balance the government's hooks, with 11 per cent in favour and seven with no

Fifty-three per cent of the sample rejected the notion of a making a "sacrifice" to help reduce the deficit, with 37 per cent in favour and no response from the remaining Itt per cent. A majority of 72 per cent.

however, said they would pay higher fees for some public utilities to help raise government revenue.

Economists say persistent deficits that soured after Kuwait's 1991 Gulf war liheration from Iraqi occupation are slowly eating away Kuwait's main investment reserves, now around \$35 hillion and down from around Stort billion pre-war.

lent to a fifth of the gross domestic product. The government forecasts a gap of 1.5 hillion dinars (\$5 hillion) in 1994/95

gional manager, Mahmoud

Al Takruri, conceded that

many deposits had been

transferred to Jordan but de-

fended his bank's loan re-

Bank, I admit, did not invest

that much because of the

situation and because we lost so many loans," he said. "But we invested quite a

good amount for the situation

Bankers and economists

cited a range of problems that

are hampering development

of the banking system. There

are no money markets or

capital-market instruments

that would facilitate Jong-

term loans. Banks have

almost no way to collect col-

lateral in case of default, no

registration system for real

estate exists, and loan re-

quests can take as long as

three months to process be-

cause of the need for inten-

sive scruriny by banks that

want assurances they will get

their money back. Above all,

it's easier for Jordanian

we are living in.

The Cairo-Amman

It plans to eliminate the shortfall by the year 2000 by privatising state shares in Kuwaiti companies and some government services, cutting spending on major projects and imposing or raising fees for a wide range of services.

The newspaper said 57 per cent of respondents agreed the deficit would harm all aspects of life, while 33 percent said the deficit woulddamage only the economy and 10 per cent believed it would damage only unspecified social issues.

Forty-tour per cent were optimistic about the future of the economy. 46 per cent were doubtful about its future and III per cent were clearly pessimistic.

In other responses, a majority of the sample said the government could halance its books by pursuing privatisation and by introducing good planning. Most said the deficit was the result of Iraq's occupation.

# World oil prices drop

\$15.58, down one cent on the

Analysis were not at a loss "It's been well flagged U.S. President Bill Clinhas managed to place no more than 150,000 barrels per day (b/d) in extra crude with European buyers since early June when the han took Before the ban, U.S. oil

Shipping brokers say Iran has spot chartered over 10 large tankers to take oil West. fuelling speculation in the Trading community it is having difficulty placing crude.
But the National Iranian

NIOC official.

## Senate calls on reporters to disclose incomes

WASHINGTON (AFP) -The U.S. Senate bas targetted journalists who cover the nation's politics by passing a resolution that requires them to disclose their financial in-

The non-hinding resolution, passed Thursday by a vote of 60 to 39, called for a measure to be approved this year that would force journalists to list their financial

Members of the press who refuse to declare their salaries and other sources of income could be refused accreditation to Capited Hill. The proposal, by Demo-

cratic Senator Robert Byrd of

west virginia, come in response to criticism that journalists were carning handsome sums of money from guest appearances on panels speaking engagements, and other commercial ventures.

Several news organisations including The Washington Post, Time Magazine, and the ABC television network have barred reporters from accepting outside income from private husinesses or pecial interest groups. The chairman of the asse-

ciation representing the 6,7tm journalists accredited to Congress denounced the measure, saying: "This is clearly an assault on freedom of the

# **Peanuts**

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CONSITERS.

### Feasibility studies on operating Marka airport under way

erious studies are under way to examine the feasibility of operating flights from the Amman airport in Marka to neighbouring states, Royal Jordanian (RJ) Chief Executive Officer Nader Al Dahabi said. Mr. Dahabi said RJ plans to operate two small, 50-passenger aircraft to serve on close destinations. He said RJ will lease the two planes as soon as the feasibility studies are concluded, noting that the two planes will constitute the nucleus of a fleet of small planes RJ plans to have. He said the peace era requires such small aircraft to operate on regional routes (Al Ra'i).

\*\* Land prices in south Amman rose tangibly as investors now prefer it over other areas because of its location near the airport and on the road linking Amman with the port city of Aqaba, according to Hisham 'Addasi, owner of a real state office. Mr. Addasi said real estate traders started to focus on the area in mid-1994 because of the high profits they can reap in land deals. He said the price of a dunum of land in Al Qastal area now fetches JD .10,000, while before the Gulf crisis the price of a dunum was less than JD 1,000. He said prices of land in south Amman vary in accordance with their proximity to the airport road. He said the anticipated tourism projects had contributed to raising land prices in various parts of the Kingdom. For instance, Mr. Addasi said, a dunum of land near the ancient city of Petra sells at JD 1 million. He said a dunum of land in the Dead Sea area can be sold for JD 5,000-6,000, while before it was about JD 200-300. According to Mr. Addasi, land prices near the northern border crossing point between Jordan and Israel ose-by 1,000 per cent in reent months (Al Aswaq).

\*\* Director General of the Arab Maritime Bridge Company Mohamm Dalabih said the comp transported 596, passengers between Aq and the Egyptian port Nuweibeh in the first of 1996. Mr. Dalabih s the company's ferries a transported 25,392 vehic during the same peri when it operated 717 tri He said since the comp started operating two la ferries on the Aqui Nuweibeh route two we ago, it transported 71,0 passengers. He said company is planning expand its operations open new routes to bra for developments which expected to sweep region in the era of pe and the expected thaw inter-Arab relations. noted that the Red Sea po have already started witness intense traffic a competition, especia between the Saudi port Dhabaa and Safaja in Eg (Al Raï).

### Iran cuts deal with South Africa on oil storage

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) lran's state-run oil company has reached agreement with South Africa to store 15 million barrels of oil near Cape town to speed up export delivery times to Europe and Latin America, Tehran Radio reported Saturday.

The radio, monitored in Nicosia, termed the deal the first important agreement between the two countries since they restored relations last year after the demise of apar-

The South Africans currently buy some 60 to 70 per cent of their oil needs of 420,000 barrels a day from the Islamic republic.

By dealing with Iran, they turned their backs on U.S. efforts to gather international backing for the trade and commerce ban the Clinton which can handle only small administration imposed on Iran June 4.

That was aimed at forcing Tehran to abandon its alleged support for internatinal terrorism and its alleged clandestine drive to acquire nuclear weapons. Only Israel and Uzbekistan have so far

joined the ban. The National Iranian Oil Co. and South Africa's Strategic Fuel Fund have been negotiating for months on Tehran leasing two of the six underground tanks, each with a capacity of 7.5 million barrels, at the Saldanha Bay storage complex.

The storage facilities put Iranian crude exports within short-haul range of east African destinations, many of tankers.

The shon voyage times to Latin America and Western Europe also allow Tehran to respond to short-term price fluctuations in those important markets as well.

"The two sides will invest jointly in the venture and will both reap its benefits." the radio said. ,"It will mean that Iran will

have access to the markets of Europe and Latin America irrespective of fluctuations in the price of oil or the demand for oil. . "With the oil agreement. irade relations hetween the

two countries are once again taking shape and expanding." the radio said.
"It is clear that this agreethe radio said.

the expansion of cooperation in other areas," it noted.

ment will pave the way for

The radio did nnt give details of the agreement. But the Middle East Economic Survey reported last month that the negotiations centred On setting upa jonit-venture trading company rather than a straightforward Iranian

The authoritative Oil Industry Newsletter, published in Nicosia, said that Iran had evidently agreed to allow Iranian crude stored in Saldanha to form part of South Afri-ca's strategic fuel stockpile. That would allow South

Africa to decrease its large strategic stocks, which government plans call for halving from 70 million harrels.

# WTO states agree legal frame for financial pact

GENEVA' (R) — World Trade Organisation (WTO) members on Friday agreed on a legal framework for a pact on financial services in a move key envoys said would make conclusion of a deal next week - without the United States - almost cer-

Protocols for a European Union-sponsored interim accord freeing the multi-billion dollar global trade in banking, insurance and securities were approved by the WTO Services Council, with both Japan and South

Korea giving the NOD.

"I really don't see anything stopping us finalising a deal next week now," said a senior developing country ambassador. And WTO Director-

General Renato Ruggiero told reporters the fledgling body was now "on track" for an accord that would give time for wider openings allowing Washington, which

pulled out of talks late last month, to come later on board.

Only final approval by governments in Tokyo and Seoul, which had wanted the United States back in now, was needed for the pact — to go into force in August next year and last till the end of 1997 — to be finalised, diplo-

mats said. Officials from both countries said on Friday they had instructions to approve the draft protocol pending formal decisions in their capitals on joining the accord.

Trade diplomats fromother countries said they expected announcements from Japan and South Korea in time for a meeting of the WTO Financial Services Committee next Wednesday, two days before a new deadline for agreement runs out.

The advance was eased by an informal agreement that a more authoritative group

would be set up in the WTO to work on expanding accords on the movement around the world of "natural persons" involved in provid-

ing services. India, Pakistan and Egypt had linked progress in that area with agreement on opening wider to foreign firms thier domestic financial service markets. long strictly protected.

There-had been some fears that differences in Tokyo between the powerful finance ministry, which was reluctent to back a pact without U.S. inclusion, and the foreign ministry might keep Japan on the fence too long a deal by

July 28. But although Japan hedged its support for the protocol by insisting that its approval was purely procedural, diplomats from other Asian countries said they felt Tokyo was now moving towards declaring full support.

Japan and South Korea. with their major markets in the sector, are vital for a deal. Even the EU, which has compaigning fiercely for the

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interim accord, has said it could not so ahead without them.

The package would link the EU with key Asian and Latin American countries in a pact under which they would extend their best market-opening offers to all other signatories.

The United States walked out of negotiations at the end of June, a day before a global package was due for completion, saying offers from many developing countries were not enough to make an accord worthwhile.

It said it would seek to make only bilateral deals rather than join multilateral package being prepared in the WTO - with countries ready to offer reciprocal liberal access to their banking, insurance and investment service markets.

The EU, desperate to save openings already offered by developing countries in one of the most dynamic sectors of the world economy, won backing from other WTO countries to extend the deadANDIAN FINANCIAL MARKET BOUSING BANK CENTER ANDAN - SHREISANI TELEPOCHE: 601.11 / 801.179 ED HARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR SKYURDAY 22/1/1/1995



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JORDAN MATTOWAL BANK	2600	11598	4.520	4.450
BANK OF JORDAN	2800	9449	3.400	3.380
MIDDLE FAST INVESTMENT BANK.	750	975	207.000 4.520 3.400 1.330	1.300
INDUSTRIAL OFFICE BANK THE BOUBING BANK	1000	2540	2.550	2.540 8.000
JORDAN KUMAIT BANK	. 1300	2540 10400 3215 1300	2.800	2.200
JORDAN GULF BANK	1148 1150	1300	1.180	
ARAB JORDAN INVESTMENT BANK	5250	20330	3.800	3.800
JORDAN ISLANIC BANK	7313	27016	3.720	3.700
MEIT ELMAL SAVINGAINVESTMENT FOR HOUSING AMMAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT	900	3250	3.650	3.600
ARAB EARKING CORPORATION/JORDAN	19250	5451	5.250	5.250
PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BAME.	25600	20330 27016 3250 20983 5451 41882	1.670	1.640
BANES SECTOR	70440	228987	INDEX WO	MBSR: 173.7 : +0.15
TORON Princer Promise				دبنكمت المحالبي
JORDAN FRENCE INSURANCE YARMOUE INSURANCE & REINSURANCE	2900 100	7790 340	2.680 3.300	2.670 3.400
INSORABCH SECTOR	3000			HBER: 136.0
		<b></b>	CHARGE	. +0 16
JORGANIAN ELECTRIC POWER	53797	85290 675 2690	1.610	1.570
JORDAN RIVER HIMERAL	250	675	2.820	2.700
JORDAN KATIONAL SHIPPING LINES	950 500	2690 1050	2.860	2.810 2.100 1.020
MATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES REAL ESTRIE INVESTMENT	500	1050	2.130 1.030	2.100
MACHINARY BOUTP. RESTING & MAINTENANCE	1000	1050 3249 660	.650	.660
UNITED MIDDLE SAST & COMMODORE HOTELS	500	1080	2.180	2.160
ARAB 1STER, FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION	3200 1000 500 1125	3666	3.290	3.260
SERVICES EECTOR	61322	98360	INDEX MU	MBER: 127.3
THE JORDAN CENTRY PACTORIES	10276	36650 7458 10458 7689 3891 11400 34218 405 255 11334 1460 15675 675 2350	3.640	3.560
JORDAN PROSPERTE MINES	2500	7458	2.980	3.000
THE ARAB POTASH	2050	10458	5.100	5.100
JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL	756	7689	10.200	10.220
THE JORDAN MORSTED MILLS	1500	11400	3.320	3.300
ARAB PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING	7100	34218	4.820	4.820
JORDAN DAIRY	180	405	2.300	2.250
THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING	100	255	2.550	2.550
PAR AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	1462	11334	7.800	7.750
ARAB LEVESTMENT & INERRATIONAL TRADS	32250	15675	.740	- 480
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING	500	675	1.390	1.350
MATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY	1000 46931 9850 500 1000 750	2350	2.330	2.350
MATIONAL INDUSTRIES	46931	51963 21573 540 633 1203 2606 12330	1-100	1.070
INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHENICAL INDUSTRIES JORDAN ROCKHOOL INDUSTRIES	500	21573	2.220 1.100	2.220 1.080
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCE/JIMCO	1000	633	.620	, 650
JORDAN SULPHO-CHENICALS	750	1203	1.590	1.610
ARAB CENTER FOR PEARM, & CHEMICALS	1200 3900 6550	2606	2.180	2,170
ONIVERSAL HODERN INDUSTRIES JORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.	3900	12330 13451	3.150	3.170 2,040
JORDAN NEW CABLE COMPANY	3100	5175		1,700
وجودنا القاقلانيوج منتخلا وموجعة بمعوي فالأحد وجانيه				
INCOSTRIAL SECTOR	136701		CHANGE	182R: 126.4 1 -0.69
GRANO TOTAL	271463		INDEX NU	BER: 150.4 ; -0.20
NO. OF TRADED EHARES IN PARALLEL MARKE VALUE TRADED IN PARALLEL MARKET	T 1	70607 76249		

### Creditor nations agree \$7.5 debt rescheduling

PARIS (AFP) - Creditor nations meeting in Paris Friday agreed to reschedule \$7.5 billion of Algeria's debt for the three-year period covered by a recent international monetary fund agreement. sources at the meeting said.

The IMF agreement covers a period up to May 31-1998. Officials at the meeting of the Paris Club of international creditors had earlier said in a statement they would recommend a major restructur-

ing of Algeria's debt. but refused to name the sum involved. The statement said that af-

ter this was the moment for an effort to boost the Algerian economy.
Algeria has been torn by

over three years of civil war since, the military-backed government in January 1992 cancelled the second round of general elections Islamic fundamentalists were poised to

Jordan Times Financial



Markets Cairo Amman Bank

Currency	New York Close That 2017/95	New york Close That 21/7/95
Sterling Pound	1.5965	1.5940
Doutsche Mark	1.3810	1.3860
Swige Feetoc	1.7510	1.1550
French Franc	4.8030	4.8215
Јервиске Усп	88.13	88.53
European Curreny Unit	1.5390	1.3380

Correacy	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	IZ MITE
U.S. Dollar	5.62	5.62	5.62	5.68
Storling Pound	6.43	6.56	1 6.75	7,00
Deutsche Mark	4.31	4.31	4.51	4,43
Swiss Franc	2.43	2.56	2.68	2.93
French Franc	6.50	6.31	.6.12	6.00
Japanese Yes	0.62	0.62	0.56	0.56
European Currency Unit	6.00	6.80	6.03	6.13

rated Bank of Jurdan Ex	change Rate Bulletin Dat	m: 22/7/1995
Currency	Bid	· Offer
U.S. Dollar	9.6970	0.6990
Sterling Pound	1_1100	1.1156
Destache Mark	0.5013	0.5048
Swies Franc	0.6029	0.6059
French Franc	0.1444	0.1450
Japanese Yen"	0.7859	0.7898
Dutch Guilder	0.4487	0.4509
Swedish Krom	*****	****
Italian Lira" .	0.0434	0.0436
Belgian Franc	*****	70446
ther Currencies		22/7/1995
Сителсу	md	Offer
Bajuraini Dimar	1.8330	1.8450
Lebense Lire*	0.042145	0.043220
Soudi Riyal	0.1855	0.1869
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.3000	2.3600
Çatari Riyal	0.1902	0.1915
Egyptian Pound	0.1900	0.2160
Omagai Riyai	1.8010	1.8200
JAE Dirkem	0.1883	0.1901
		11
Creek Drachess	D 0174	0.3275
Greek Drachous"	0.2735	0.3

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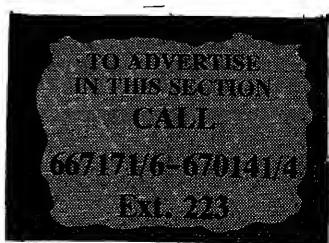














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# Torrence says women still suffering from Flo-Jo era

OSLO (R) — Gwen Torrence, the Olympic 200 metres champion, has te-opened old wounds by saying she does not acknowledge Flotence Griffith-Joynet's world 100 and 200 metre tecotds set

seven years ago.
After beating her great rival Jamaican Merlene Ottey to win the 200 at the Bislett Games Grand Prix Friday night. Torrence launched a verbal boardside on the "unbeatable" records set by her American compatriot in

"Women sprinters are stitl suffering as a result of what she did to the times in the 100 and 200," said Torrence, 30. "In fact I don't acknowledge those times as world records. To me they don't exist. They cannot be beaten as far as 1 can see for maybe five. 10, 15 years. Not by anyone running today, any-

And they mean that women sprinters are losing out financially. We never can have a world record holder running in our races so we can't get the pay we deserve. we can't go for the records because they are unbeatable. no women sprinter can ever be introduced to the crowd as the world record holder, and I think that we are all suffering as a result of that.

I certainly feel cheated by it. not being able to go for a run at altitude with a wind behind you. But I just can't see them being beaten."

Griffith-Joyner, who won the 100 and 200 double at the Seoul Olympics in 1988 and then surprisingly retired from athletics shortly afterwards, set the world 100 record of 10.49 at Indianapolis July 16. 1988 beating the previous matk of 10.79 established by American Evelyn Ashford in

Then on Sept. 29, 1988 she set two 200 world records on the same day, winning het Olympic semifinal in 21.56 and then lowering that in the final to 21.34 seconds.

Athletes including Torrence have said some women's times over the past 10 years could only have been achieved with the aid of performance-enhancing

covered by this invitation

Jordanian Dinars as Iollows:

more than one contract of each.

University of Jordan

University of Jordan in Amman

2- The Respective purchasers namely:

dtugs, but Griffith-Joyner set the 100 time, the official has consistently denied any claims hers were helped by drugs.

Torrence herself made tutther allegations about women's athletics after the 1992 Olympic sprint finals in Barcelona saying some of the

#### **ATHLETICS**

competitors, were not clean and added on Friday she still stood by her remarks.

In the seven years since the 100 times was set the closest anyone has come to it is Russian Irina Privalova who ran t0.77 in Lausanne a year ago. Griffith-Joyner still owns the four tastest times ever run.

The 200 record has never been remotely challenged either. In 1991 Ottey ran 21.64 seconds in Brussels and year before that clocked .66 in Zurich, the third and fourth fastest times ever. Totrence herself ranks eighth on the all-time 100 list with a best of 10.82. She is joint-fifth on the 200 list at 21.72

"As far as I am concerned Evelyn Ashtord still holds the 100 world record and Mer-lene's 21.64 is the 200 world record. Asked why she thought

Griffith-Joyner was able to produce such remarkable times. Torrence replied. "it was a very windy day. When Griffith-Joynet did

wind teading was zeto. but in races immediately prior to her win, and immediately afterwards, the wind-metre registered readings of a fol-lowing wind of 5.0 metres pet second. The maximum legal limit for world records to be officially ratified is 2.0 metres per second.

I guess the metre man just fell asleep when she was run-- that's a joke." she

Torrence is attempting to emulate Grittith-Joyner's sprint double at next month's World Championships in Gottenburg and said she was pleased with her victory over Ottey although not impressed by her winning time of 22.36 seconds. Ottey also said she felt "very flat indeed" 10 clock 22.66. But there were some im-

four year's best marks sel. Kenyan Moses Kiptanui came closest to setting the 53rd world record in the stadium with a time of eight minutes 03.36 seconds in the 3.000 steeplechase, the second fastest time ever run and just missing out on his own world record of 8:02.08 set three years ago.

pressive performance with

European champion Sonia O'Sullivan of Iteland set a year's best of 8:34.31 in the 3,000, while Olympic 5,000 Champion Dieter Baumann matched that in the men's 3.000 with a year's best time



of 7:33.56, also a German national record.

German Raymond Hecht achieved the year's best javelin throw of 92.60 metres

beating world championship rivals Jan Zelezney and Steve Backley in the process while American Michael Johnson won the 400 in 43.86 seconds.

a time only he has beaten this year as he successfully continued his build-up to his attempt at a 200-400 double in Gothenburg next month.

# Junior World Basketball Jordan loses to Italy

By Roufan Nahhas Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — The Kingdom's Undet-18 national basketball tcam finished last in the Junior World Basketball Championship currently held in Athens.

After suffering consecutive defeats in the 16-team competition at the hands of South Korea 68-61 and from Italy 65-45 respective-ly Friday and Satutday. The team came in the 16th.

The U-18 team is the first to represent Jordan in a World Basketball Championship finals and only the thitd Arab country to qualify for the world cham-pionship. Egypt finished last in Sao Paulo in 1979 while Syria came in 12th among 16 pattieipating country in the 1992 championship beld in Canada. The Kingdom's team taced a lot of setbacks from top world teams Australia. Italy and the U.S.

Unfortunately the team's chances evaporated after losing each game in the first round of the championship thus leading them to play tot the 9-16th places with South Korea, China, Puerto Rico and in which they lost all their games.

Meanwhile in the prim-

ary rounds Jordan finished last in Group C after losing to title holders the U.S. 61-51, Australia 78-35, and Italy 87-64. The team suffered in all

games a low free throw

percentage. Jordan played S. Korea Friday fot places 16-15 and lost 68-61. (37-36).

Jordan's Ma'en Odeh scored 18. Ashraf Samarah 15 and Zeid Alkhas 9. In Saturday's match Jotdan could not recover from its loss to Italy in the prim-

ary stage and lost again 65-45 (30-19). The Jordanian team wasted 13 free throws, and Ihab Msih was sent out in the fifth foul. Jordan, the third place finisher in the Asian Championship in March, represented the continent along

with China and S. Korea. Jordan's team includes Zeid Alkhas, Ma'en Odeh, Ashraf Samarah, Mahmoud Sha'ban, Samer Nino. Ihab Msih. Ramzi Ghneim, Fadi Al Saqaa, Zeid Zumout, Ra'ed Ghosheh, Ziyad Naghoj and Seit Lada'.

Greece will play Australia for the final and Croatia with Spain for the third and tourth places. Results of other matches

played Friday: Games played for places

Greece-Spain 80-57 (37-31) Australia-Croatia 76-53

Places 5-8 Lithuania-France 85-81 Argentina-U.S. 67-58 (29-

The team will return to Amman today.

# Brazil praises improved Americans

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil (AP) — No longet struggting to beat the Netherlands Antilles, the United States has raised its standing in international soccer. However, nobody is telling them to pose with the World Cup trophy.

The Americans' run over the last six weeks — which has included victories over Nigeria, Mexico (twice) and Argentina, has improved nearly everybody's opinion of them. Even their I-0 loss to Brazil Thursday night in the Copa America semifinals in-Uruguay drew praise.
"Brazil scoted on the only

INVITATION TO RETENDER THE

SUPPLY OF EQUIPMENT TO THE

**NEW FACULTY OF EDUCATIONAL** 

SCIENCES AT UNIVERSITY OF JORDAN

1- The Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of

Jordan has received a loan related to Human Resources

Development Project from the International Bank of

Raconstruction and Devalopment the World Bank and

intends to apply part of proceeds of this loan to eligibla

payments tot the supply of the goods and services

hereby invite local and international suppliers of

educational equipment in subject being taught in the

Feculty of Educational Sciences of UOJ to apply tor

oidding documents and to submit tenders (bids) for the

equipment to be provided to the venous laboratories, workshops and classrooms of the faculty.

3- Interested eligible bidders may obtain turther

information and inspect the Bidding Documents from tha

Tendering Department at Univarsity of Jordan in

Amman between hours 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Saturday

through Wednesday beginning July 22, 1995 to Aug. 9.

4- A complete set of Bidding Documents may be obtained from the above referred office upon

submission of a written application end payment of a

non-refundable fee. All payments will be made by a bank

draft or eartified bank check in tha currancy of the

purchaser's choice of in cash made out in tayour of the University of Jordan. Price of purchesing the

documents would be the equivalent amount of

For delivery to personal callers JD 15.000 per lot.
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each individual Lot. Contracts will be awarded on a Lot

(by/Lot) basis to the lowest evaluated bidders who

would prove capable to carry out tha requirements of the contracts to be signed. Bidders could be awarded

Closing dete tot the bid submission will be noon of

September 23, 1995. Bids shall have a validity of 90

days end will be eccompenied by e bid security to the value of about 3% of the Bid Price and of duration of 120

error of the American team. said Raul Plassman, an all-stat keeper turned TV. commentator. "The American (detensive) system is almost perfect. It's no coincidence that no one managed to score mote than one goal on this

team. Thursday night's loss con-demned the United States to the third-place game against Colombia. Brazil advanced to face Uruguay for the title Sunday.

For a team long considered the flyweight of the ficinisphete, teaching the final fout was itself a triumph.

Brazilians on Friday paid respect to the evolution of .S. soccer.

We wete unable to move as we usually do or to create opportunities, because their marking is very strong." Brazilian forward Edmundo said in a televised interview.

Brazil had the same problems with the U.S. team in last summer's World Cup. when it struggled to a 1-0 victory on American independence day.

But in that game, the Americans rately went for ward, and tarely threatened despite playing the last 42

INVITATION TO RETENDER THE

SUPPLY OF EQUIPMENT TO THE

**NEW FACULTY OF EDUCATIONAL** 

SCIENCES AT YARMOUK UNIVERSITY

INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE BIDDING (ICB)

1- The Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of

Jordan has received a loan related to Human Resources

Development Project from the International Bank of

Raconstruction and Development the World Bank and

intends to apply pert of proceeds of this loan to aligible paymants for tha supply of the goods and services covered by this invitation

hereby invite local and international suppliers of educational equipment in subject being taught in the

Faculty of Educational Sciences of YU to apply for

bidding documents and to submit tenders (bids) for the

equipment to be provided to the various laboratories, workshops and classrooms of the laculty.

3- Interested eligible bidders may obtain turther

information and inspect the Bidding Documents at The Liaison Office of Yarmouk University located at the

Higher Council tor Science and Technology building

inside the campus of the Royal Scientific Society, in

Amman between hours 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Saturday

through Wednesday beginning July 23, 1995 to Aug. 9,

4- A complete set of Bidding Documents may be

obtained from the above referred ollice upon

submission of a written application and payment of a

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purchaser's choice or in cash made out in favour of the

Yarmouk University. Price of purchasing the documents

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Bids will be priced and submitted separately for each individual Lot. Contracts will be awarded on a Lot (by/Lot) basis to the lowest evaluated bidders who

would prove capable to carry out the requirements of the contracts to ba signed. Bidders could be awarded

Closing date for the bid submission will be noon of

Saptembar 23, 1995. Bids shall have a validity of 90

days and will be accompanied by a bid security to the value of about 3% of the Bid Price and of durai on of 120

- For delivery by local mail to local Bidders by courier

2- The Respective purchasers namely:

Yarmouk University in Irbid.

minutes with a man advantage. Thursday night, Brazil

dominated possession thtoughout the first half. creating two chances in the opening minutes and capitaising when Aldair sprinted through the penalty area to score on a sharp header off a free kick from Juninho in the 13th minute.

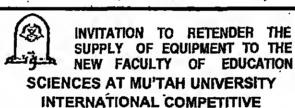
To the surprise of many, the Americans showed no panic, teturned composed in the second and pushed for-ward for an equaliser. A pair of heads by defender Alexi Lalas caused anxiety on Brazil's bench.

"We knew we'd face difficulties, because the Ameticans are ol the Eutopean school of soccer," Brazil's coach Mario Zagalo told a local TV teporter. "That's why we were suffocated at the end, when they bet everything on the aerial game."
Still, Zagalo insisted his

team had the game in hand. "How many saves did (keeper Claudio). Taffatel make?" he asked thetorically. "The domination of the game was entirely ours."

The Brazilian media happed on own their team's flass, as much as the Ameticans ments. The consensus was that Brazil played its worst game of the tourna-

"Was this suffocation necessary?" tead the head-line in the Rio daily O Dia.



- The Government of the Hashcmite Kingdom of Jordan has received a loan related to Human Resources Development project from the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development-the World Bank - and intends to apply part of proceeds of this loan to digible payments for the supply of the goods and services covered by this invitation.

BIDDING (ICB)

The Respective purchasers namely: Mu'tab University in Karak.

hereby iovite local and international suppliers of educational equipment in subject being taught in the Faculty of Education Sciences of MU to apply for bidding documents and to submit tenders (bids) for the equipment to be provided to the various laboratories, workshops and classrooms of the Faculty,

Interested eligible hidders may obtain further information and inspect the Bidding Documents at the liaison office of Mu'tah University located at Samir Rifai St. Jabal Amman between hours 9:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Saturday through Wednesday beginning July 22,1995 to Aug. 9, 1995.

A complete set of Bidding Documents may be obtained from the above referred office upon submission of a written application and payment of n con-refundable fec. All payments will be made by a bank draft or certified bank check in the currency of the purchaser's choice or in cash made out io favour of the Mu'tah University. Price of purchasing the documents would be the equivalent, amount of Jordanian Dinars as follows:

- For Delivery to personal callers JD 15.000 per lot. - For delivery by local mail to local Bidders by courier Service JD 25:000 per Lut plus JD 50 for all Lots.

Bids will be priced and submitted separately for each individual Lot. Contracts will be awarded on a Lot (by/Lot) basis to the lowest evaluated bidders who would prove capable to carry out the requirements of the contracts to be signed. Bidders could be awarded more than one contract of each.

Closing date for the bid submission will be noon of September 23. 1995. Bids shall have a validity of 90 days and will be accompanied by a bid security to the value of about 3% of the Bid Price and of duration of 120 days.

Mu'tah University

# Colin Jackson pulls out of World Championships

LONDON (AP) — Colin Jackson will not detend his 110-metre hurdles title at next month's World Cham-

pionships.

Jackson announced Friday that he was withdrawing from consideration for the British team because of an adductor muscle injury.

The injury forced Jackson to pull out of last Saturday's British national championships in Birmingham. England.

He angered British officials and set off a storm of controversy in the British media when he completed the next day in a meet in Padua, Italy.

The British Athletic Fed-eration (BAF) left Jackson off the team for the Aug. 4-13 World Championships in Goteborg, Sweden, ordering fitness before he would be selected.

Jackson said Thursday he would comply by running in Sunday's meet in Sheffield. England. But he changed his mind Friday.

"Aftet a testing training session this morning. I can confirm that I have not fully recovered from the injury which torced me to withdraw from the AAA (national) Championships." he said in a

"While it was always my intention to comply with the selector's requirements and compete within the specified 7-day period, my recovery has not progressed according

"I believe that I received good professional advice to test the extent of my injury in a competitive race in Padua, despite the criticism I have received from those who did not wait to clarify the injury I have

Mentally, my prepara-tions for the World Championships have been far from perfect, with both my honesty and credibility by the media and the British Athletics Federation questioned.

"Anyone who knows me as an athlete will understand how disappointed I am not to 🚱 be able to defend my title in Goteborg. However, my main focus will continue to be the 110-metre hurdles Olympic title.

BAF Executive Chairman Pete Radford issued a statement confirming Jackson's withdrawal, saying the Welsh athlete "setiously aggravated" his adductor injury during a training session in Catdiff. Wales.

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4 K 10 9

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4 NT Pass 5 + Pass
8 + Pass Pass Pass
Opening lead: Sia of ○
How often have you seen a receivar in football make the most incredible catch and then, a few minutes later, drop a floater? The player simply took his eye off the ball. The same thing happens at the bridge table when the contract seems too

cost.

North's hand became enormous once South responded to the one-heart opening bid with one spade. North launched right into Stackwood, but settled on the small slam upon learning that partner did not

hold the missing ace.

Weat's diamond opening lead eliminated a crucial entry to the table. At first glance it might seem declarer can draw two rounds of trumps, then go about establishing the heart suit. However, declarer reslived that, should hearts break 4-1, both hands would be exhausted of trumps in setting up and running the loog hearts, eince dummy's trumps would be needed as entries, so declarer would have to coacede a trick in each minor. To make the contract, a small element of riak was necreasary.

contract, a small element of risk was necessary.

Declarer cashed one high trump, followed by the ace and king of hearts. That farsighted play was rewarded when West showed out on the second heart but could not riff. A heart was ruffed in the closed hand, dummy was re-entered with a trump to the queen and another heart was ruffed setting up two long cards in the suit.

A I tump to the ten provided the entry to cash the Iwo hearts, declarer discarding a card in each minor. Now the board's dismond was ruffed with declarer's last trump and a club was the only loser.

What if the second heart was ruffed? Then the contract could not have been made no matter how declarer maneuvered!

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Mohammad co-drivet Kl canie in this Ford Fiesta

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AMMAN - Maarouf Abu Samra and co-driver Amjad Shamayleh won the National Nokia Rally Friday with a time of 1:10.36. Ahmad Dawood and codriver Mohammad Mitwali in a Renault 5 GT. Turbo won the second place with a time of 1:19,54 and Mohammad Dawood and co-driver Khaled Zakaria came in third place in a Ford Fiesta XR21 with Only nine cars reached the finish line out of 14 cars which participated in the

The rally which covered a total distance of 240 kilometres of the new terrain with six special stages located around the four famous Umayyad desert castles of Al Harrana. Mushatta, Rujm Al Shami

and Amra. Bashar Bustami the National Rally Champion. and co-driver Rafi Balmijian, taced some mechanical problems to their Ford Sierra which forced them to

They were followed by three other competitors

Abu Samra wins national rally By Roufan Nahhas who also quit for mechanic-Special to the Jordan Times

al problems. Żeid Asfour and Mohammad Khaiat quit the race after falling in a

trench in their Volvo 244. New comer to the rally scene Fayek Sayegh and co-driver Abed Handoumeh came in the eighth place with 1:57,22,

The Royal Automobile Club of Jordan (RACJ) announced that the format of the rally is a trial to test the stages prior to the first leg of the 1996 Jordan International Rally.

Prizes were distributed in a special ceremony at the RACJ headquarters Satur-



Maarouf Abu Samra in action (file photo)

## Sheikh Mohammad's **English Derby winner** triumphs in Ascot

ASCOT, England (AFP) — Sheikh Mohammed's Dubai-based Godolphin Operation claimed yet another Group I prize here on Saturday when English Derby winner Lammtarra won a thrilling King George VI and Queen Elizabeth Stakes.

Lammtarra has raced just three times but is unbeaten and broke the course record in winning the English Derby. He repeated the feat of his sire Nijinsky who also won the Derby and then the King George.

Seven went to post including the 1994 Arc de Triomphe winner Carnegie. 1995 Irish Derby winner Winged Love and the well fancied Pentire who had won two significant Derby Trials but had not been considered good enough to run in it. Broadway Flyer, 1994 St.

Leger runner-up, as is his wont set the pace trailed by outsiders Strategic Choice and veteran Environment Friend. The latter these days swings backwards and forwards between the mating duties that an old boy deserves and the racecourse.

Behind Broadway Flyer, bred by South African golfer Gary Player, the more favoured horses, Winged Love, Lammtarra, and Carnegle raced almost three abreast while Pentire whip-

ped them in. Tu ning for home the bold frontrunning tactics of Broadway Flyer appeared to have muddled the thinking of the jockeys behind. They did not know whether to attack first or wait for their rivals to

With two furlongs to go before they met with the

# **HORSE** RACING

judge, Pentire surged down the outside under Michael Hills and swept Environment Friend and Broadway Flyer aside showing no respect for their superior age.

Pentire went for the line and appeared likely to add further proof that this year's Derby was not very good. Frankie Dettori, who had controversially replaced Lammtarra's Derby pilot Walter Swinburn, produced his mount with a sustained burst similar to the one that had gained him victory at

Epsom.

Pentire and Lammtarra
went neck and neck into the final 100 yards. Neither would concede an inch. Both iockeys were stretched to the limit their hands armed with the required whip hitting the horses to get that last extra effort, for this is a race that makes legends of the win-

Lammtarra, the 9/4 favourite, ultimately had the extra stamina and class to edge out his valiant opponent Pentire (3/1). Strategic Choice hung on gamely, like a desperate maiden aunt waiting for that last bit of cake, to take third 1 1/2 lengths back at the generous price of

The rest trailed in well beaten. Andre Fabre's Sheikh Mohammed duo, Winged Love was a capable but disappointing fourth and Carnegie never really got into the acrion at all.

### Korean boxer loses WBA title

SEOUL (R) - South Korea's World Boxing Association (WBA) juniorbantam weight champion Lee Hyung-Chul had to hand over his crown to Venezuelan challenger Alimi Goitia Saturday after a disputed

bout in Seoul. South Korea's Yonhan domestic news agency said French referee Armand Krief declared Goitia's victory after negotiating with WBA supervisor, Aurelio Fiengo of Panama, and three other judges following the fight which was stopped shortly after the end of the fourth round.

The dispute erupted when Goitia. 25, landed a punch on Lee's right temple apparently after the bell began ringing to finish the fourth round of the bour televised live.

The television pictures showed Lee, 26, refusing to return to his corner and lying nutes in protest. Lee later returned to his

corner, apparently hoping to continue but the referee and Goitia left the ring. The Korea Broadcasting System stopped the broadcast

after showing officials discussing what to do. Yonhap said the referee and the judges agreed that the challenger landed the blow

on Lee's head at the same time that the finish bell rang. "We cannot understand the referee's decision." Yonhap quoted Lee's trainer Kim Kyu-Chul as saying. Kim was also quoted as saying the South Korean side would appeal to the WBA against the decision and

arrange another fight with

the Venezuelan.

# Indurain heads for fifth Tour de France title

L'IMOGES, France (AP) - Miguel Indurain moved to the verge of his record fifth straight Tour de France title by winning in the individual time trial in

Saturday's 19th stage. Indurain took the 46.5kilometres stage around Lac de Vassiviere in 57 minutes, 34 seconds, 48 seconds better than Bjarne Riis of Denmark with Tony Rominger 1 minute. 5 seconds behind.

Overall, Indurain has a lead four minutes, 35 seconds over Alex Zulle of Switzerland with Riis at 6:47 behind.

Sunday's stage is a large-ly ceremonial ride from St. Genevieve des Bois to Paris, 155 kilometres to end on the Champs Elysees. Barring accident. Indurain should take his fifth title in a row.

Belgian Eddy Merckx. Frenchmen Jacques Anquetil and Bernard Hinault have also won five tours but Indurain will be the first who can do it in straight years.

Zulle looks to be the fifth different runner-up that Indurain has had on the podium. In 1991 it was Gianni Bugno of Italy followed by another Italian, Claudio Chiappucci in 1992. Tony Rominger of Switzerland was second in 1993 and Piotr Ugrumov of Latvia. Rominger failed to finish in 1994 while Ugrumov dropped out this year. But Indurain kepi rolling

Last year, in the final time trial, Indurain was just third, not wanting to push it with a large lead and a rain-slicked course. He still won overall by 5 minutes.

39 seconds. This year indurain showed he was in control all the way. On the final flat stage before a rime trial, he made a surprise attack that added a minute onto his lead.

In the mountains he would let his teammates pace him then took over in the final climb.
Although Indurain's

margin was his smallest since 1991 when he won by 3:367 over Bugno, there was still little doubt he was still the dominant rider from the start. He demonstrated that in

four consecutive stages on the second weekend when he took the first individual time trial and was second in three different types of stages that put the distance between he and his major

# Agasssi, Edberg reach semis of ATP Washington Classic

WASHINGTON (RI - Top seed Andre Agassi survived a threat by Colombia's Mauricio Hadad and second seed Stefan Edberg struggled but advanced to the semifinals of the ATP Washington Classic Friday.

Agassi scored a 6-3 6-4 victory over Hadad, who had made a habit of recovering from large deficits in the lournament.

The unseeded Colombian trailed Aaron Krickstein 4-0 in the third set of his secondround match, and was blown away in the first set of his third-tound match against Mark Philippousis but came hack to win both matches.

Against Agassi, Hadad led 43 in the second set and had two hreak points at 15-40 but Agassi held serve and went on to win the match.

"I got a little concerned at double-break point at 3-4. You start to think that if you lose he'll be serving for the set." Agassi said. Youk don't want to be here any

later than you have to." Agassi added: "It had all the elements for a possible upset, so 1 m glad 1 got

Edberg had sailed through his first two matches but found himself in a doefight with unseeded Cristiano Caratti. The 25-year-old Italian entered the tournament with a 2-8 record in 1995 but took a 5-2 lead in the final set before falling 6-4 5-7 7-6 (7-

Edberg, the defending



Stefan Edberg

champion here, jumped out on top in the first set but at 3-3 in the second, thunderstorms delayed the match for nearly four hours. Neither player seemed sharp after the long delay, and Edberg broke Caratti in the ninth game to serve for the match at 5-4.

But Caratti saved match point at 40-30, then won eight of the next 10 games to stand

on the verge of victory. Facing elimination and a further drop in the world rankings. Edberg. a perennial top-10 player currently at number 16, pulled out the win in his first meeting with

When you're down 5-2. you have to say to yourself. make an effort, go for it." the Swede said. "I just tried to

play my game. His semifinal opponent will be 13th seed Patrick Rafter. the young Australian who reached his first semifinal of the year with a 7-6 (7-4) 6-0 win over 11th seed Patrick McEnroe, Rafter, 1993's tour newcomer oft he year, has struggled in 1995, but hopes this tournament will help turn things around.

"I haven't been doing that great this year, but it's the hardest I've worked and that work's starting to pay off." Rafter said.

Fourth seed Todo Martin of the United States beat fifth seed Jason Stoltenberg of Australia 6-2 6-3 in the other

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# Iraq pardons army deserters

NICOSIA (Agencies) — The Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, has issued an unexpected general amnesty that will free thousands of Íragis. pardon army deserters faced with having their ears cut off and commute death sentences, the official Iraqi news agency reported Saturday.

It said the amnesty was issued after a megting of the revolutionary command council. Iraq's highest legislative body, presided over by President Hussein.

li was not clear why the president has decided to issue such a wide-ranging amnesty

But it could be a gesture toward the U.N. Security Council which has demanded the Baghdad regime improve its human rights record. to encourage it to lift devastating trade sanctions imposed in August 1990 after Iraq invaded Kuwait.

The amnesty follows Bagh-dad's delivery of details on its clandestine biological weapons programme to the U.N. earlier this month after denying for four years that it had an offensive capability in

On Thursday, Iraq also began destroying high-precision machines that U.N. experts say could be used to manufacture components for ballistic missiles, banned by the Security Council under the terms of the 1991 Gulf war

CAIRO. Egypt (AP! -

Iraq's foreign minister.

Mohammed Saeed Al Sahaf.

said in an interview published

Saturday that he was optimistic his country would soon resume ties, with Egypt.

Mr. Al Sahaf's comment to the London-based Arabic daily Al Hayat followed a

rare meeting last Wednesday with his Egyptian counterpart. Amr Musa, that some saw as a signal Egypt would push to bring Iraq back into the Arab fold.

In the interview in Cairo.

"Serious efforts will lead to

Mr. Al Sahaf said his optim-

ism went beyond mere hope

of resuming diplomatic links

that," he said. "We are brotherly countries and we

used to have very strong

countries were severed when

Egypt joined the U.S.-led

coalition that drove Iraq out

of Kuwait in 1991. Before lraq's 1990 invasion of

Relations between the two

with Egypt.

Egypt will resume soon

All this indicates that Iraq is seeking to soften its confrontation with the Security Council in advance of a sanctions committee review of the

embargo in September. Baghdad may also be responding to growing friction with powerful Sunni-Muslim tribes who for years have been staunch supporters of the regime.

These have been increasingly alienated over the last two or three years as the sanctions caused increasing hardship among Iraq's 20 million people.

On a more pragmatic level. it could simply be that Iraq's prisons are full. Tens of thousands of Iraqis are believed to have been imposoned since 1990, especially in the last two or three years as the sanctions drove many to

The INA report, monitored in Nicosia, gave no indication how many poson-

ers could be released. But it said they include prisoners who have served three years of III-year sentences, or two years of a sentence less than Itl years.

It said other prisoners could be freed if their families provide guarantees of good behaviour. supported by members of the ruling Baath Party.

Nothing to lose

Meanwhile, Iraq said it was convinced it has nothing to

oil embargo. which has de-

Last year, Mr. Mubarak and Sheik Zayed Bin Sultan, president of the United Arab

Emirates, tried to develop an

initiative for reconciliation

lose by sticking to its threat to stop cooperating with the United Nations unless international sanctions are lifted. newspapers said Saturday.

"For five years Iraq has groaned under the weight of the embargo. There is nothing to lose by putting an end to cooperation with the U.N. Special Commission on Iraq disarmament (UN-SCOM)," said the daily Al

Baghdad Wednesday issued an ultimatum to UN-SCOM, saying it would withdraw cooperation unless the commission gave Iraq's disarmament programme clean bill of health by the end of August to allow a lifting of the embargo.
It demanded that the U.N.

Security Council lift the sanctions in September or face Baghdad's determination to no longer be held to U.N.

Al Jomhuoya said prom-ises given to Iraq about lifting the sanctions were merely un 'American' game to weaken and reduce Iraq's capacity to "What can it (the United

States) do if Iraq cuts off this threat? Impose a new embargo or resort to force?" asked

The army daily. Al Qadissiya, said Iraq "threatens nobody if it calls on the Security Council to stick to its com-mitments and lift the sanc-

#### Sahaf optimistic ties with | Carter proposes unity recent months for lifting U.N. sanctions, including an vastated Iraq's economy. President Hosni Mubarak told the semi-official daily Al Ahram Saturday. "I feel sorry among Sudan for the Iraqi people who are severely suffering... but I'm more optimistic than ever of the return of Arab solidar-

U.S. President Jimmy Carter continued efforts Saturday to end the civil war in Sudan, proposing unity talks among

with Iraq. But the attempt was blocked by Saudi Arabia and Kuwatt. Mr. Al Sahaf also said that if the U.N. Security Council does not lift the sanctions when they are reviewed in October, this would be the end of Iraq's cooperation with the council "We will be free from any commitments towards the

Security Council. he said. "We are not ready to deal Kuwait. Egypt and Iraq were allies and trading partners. with somebody who does not give us our rights."

# Khamenei limits power of Rafigh-Doost

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iranian leader Avatollah Ali Khamenei widely limited on Saturday the powers of the influential director of a revolutionary foundation here in a management reshuffle at the organisation.

Imam Khamenei set up a board of trustees to jointly administer the powerful Foundation for the Deprived and War Disabled (FDWD) with Mohsen Rafigh-Doost. who was appointed to his post in 1989 and had until now run the organisation alone. Tehran radio said.

The move followed "fundamental changes" intro-duced by the leader to the foundation to ensure "its better management through brouder participation in important decision making."

It was not clear whether M1. Rafigh-Doost, a hitherto trusted figure who served once as the head of the elite Revolutionary Guards forces, would continue to represent Imam Khamenei at FDWD, a post which had so far ensured him total control over the wealthy institution.

The foundation, created after the 1979 Islamic revolution to oversee properties confiscated from the associates of the former shah and other wealthy people in Iran. is involved in many industrial and agocultural projects and

It works independently from President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani's government and comes directly under Imam Khamenei.

is worth hillions of dollars.

The move to reign in Mr. Rafigh-Doosi came after his brother Morteza Rafigh-Doost was charged over his alleged role in a \$200-million embezzlement from a state

Mr. Morteza Rafigh-Doost, now in prison without hail, is undergoing a trial for illegally diverting funds worth \$28 million from a branch of Saderat bank in northern Tehran in early

The alleged embezzlement first made the news in January and has since been widely publicised by radical Islamic groups in Iran demanding a Thorough investigation.

The affair has sparked strong criticism of the gov-

# factions NAIROBI (AFP) — Former

southern rebel factions.

He flew out of Nairobi, where he held talks with Kenyan President Daniel Arap Mot and South Sudan Inde-pendence Movement (SSIMI leader Rick Machar. for Kampala, where he was due to meet Ugandan President Yoweri Museveni and John Garang, the leader of the Sudan People's Liheration Army, the main rebel

He will return to Khartoum after that for further talks with Sudanese President Omar el-Beshir.

Carter told journalists hefore leaving Nairobi that he was "very hopeful" of ohtaining an extension of a ceasefire between government and rebel forces which he negotiated in March and which is due to expire at the end of this month.

The Sudanese government reacted coolly to the prospect, however, with Deputy Foreign Minister Ghazi Salaheddine saying in Khartoum that the ceasefire benefited the rebels.

Mr. Carter's trip to Sudan, where he visited disputed where he visited disputed areas in the south as well as Khartoum, was "one of my most encouraging visits." he said, adding that he had held good talks with Mr. Moi, who is chairman of the Intergovernmental Authority on Drought and Dro Drought and Development. a regional body that is playing an increasingly active role in mediating conflicts.

Mr. Carter said the SSIM rebels were "very cager" for reconciliation with other Chostian and animist rebels in south Sudan who are fight-

ing domination by north.
Whether the SPLA leadership was prepared to hold South-South peace talks "I don't yet know." he said. "I

Lebanese army hunts clan gangs were killed and eight wounded in the last month, the

A Jordanian soldier kneels during Friday prayers as about

50 Muslim refugees and U.N. soldiers from Jordan and Pakistan took part in the prayers at a makeshift tent mosque

CAIRO. Egypt (AP) -

again to journalists' pressure

Saturday and will include

representatives of opposition

newspapers in a committee 10

The move was announced

by Ibrahim Nafie, head of the

journalists syndicate and edi-

tor of the government daily Al Ahram, after journalists objected to the 30 members

of the committee named last

Gamal Badawi, editor of

the opposition daily Al Wafd.

had called it "the committee

Mr. Badawi still will not be

on the committee. but it was

expanded to include the edi-

tors of the Nasserite opposi-

BEIRUT. Lebanon (AP) -

Lebanese and Syrian troops

launched a dragnet in the Bekaa Valley of east Leba-

non Saturday for feuding clansmen wanted for murder.

drug trafficking and car theft

the army command reported.

A communique said the

pre-dawn house-to-house

sweep targeted an undeter-

mined number of suspects

from the powerful Masri and

Tleiss clans in the Brital dis-

trict. 10 kilometres west of

The operation followed a spate of grenade attacks and

gun hattles hetween the two

Talks on anding the war in

Chechenya hit a snag Satur-

day over a Russian nego-

tiator's remark to reporters.

and later adjourned for the

day without an expected

The Russian delegate.

Arkady Volsky, was asked Friday night whether

Chechenya would remain

part of the Russian federa-

tion.
"Where else could it go?"

kind of independence.

which is trying to win some

shows, in my opinion, disre-

spect for the Chechen delega-

tion and for the results

achieved by peaceful di-

plomatic means, the chief Chechen nagotiator. Usman

Talks continued, however.

and Mr. Imayev said indi-

vidual statements should not

be allowed to disappoint

Chechenya (who) have been

alerted to celebrate the sign-

ing of a political document.'

people throughout

Imavev. said Saturday.

Such a crude answer

the Syrian border.

week to draft the law.

of scoundrels,"

draft a new press law.

to journalists' pressure

Egyptian government bows

nalist's syndicate.

tion weekly Al Arabi, the leftist weekly Al Ahali and

the semiofficial liberal maga-

zine Rose Al Youssef, as well

as a former head of the jour-

such a committee was seen as

a government concession af-

ter journalists threatened to

strike last month when parlia-

ment adopted a sweeping anti-defamation law collicised

as an infringement on press

After the government put

limits on enforcement of the

act and agreed to adopt new

overall press legislation, the

But journalists objected

anew when the committee

was appointed July 15, saying

strike was called off.

Even agreeing to name

communique said. Police said in a statement that 29 people from both clans were arrested in Saturday's dragnet. Arms and ammunition were confiscated, but the statement did not give quantities.

Bekaa clans have long flourished on growing hash-ish and opium in the key narcotics producing region. They have traditionally fdught each other in blood feuds for supremacy of the drugs trade.

Prime Minister Rafiq trihes in which two penple Hariri's government cracked flaring again.

quoted him as saying. Mr. Imayev and his Rus-

sian counterpart. Vyacheslav

Mikhailov, had both reported

important progress before Saturday's talks, and said a

final political accord could be

The question of Checheny-

a's political status has been

the chief stumhling block in

weeks of talks to end the

seven-month war in the

brzakaway republic. Russia's NTV television

network reported that Presi-

dent Boris Yeltsin was un-

happy with the latest Russian

position on Chechenya's sta-

tus and ordered Saturday that

it be "made tougher." No

The Chechens want Mos-

cow to recognise their inde-

pendence, declared in 1991.

Russia insists that Chechanya

remain part of the Russian

Federation, but concedes

that the question may be put

asidg until after elections and

a referendum on a Chechen

constitution, planned for the

It remains unclear how

details were reported.

igned later in the day.

down on the narcotics industry in the Syrian-controlled Bekaa in 1993, eliminating most of the hashish production which had long bankrolled Middle East terrorist groups and militias during Lebanon's 1975-1990 civil

The U.S. government has been pressuring Syria and Lebanon for years to crack down on the narcotics growers and traffickers.

Syria, the undisputed pow-er in Lebanon, has 40,000 troops deployed in the coun-try, ostensibly as peacekeep-

ers to prevent the civil war

# Chechenya talks snag

#### over Russian remarks under both constitutions. Some Russian reports have suggested that Chechenya will be allowed to call itself independent while remaining

de facto in Russia. The Chechens have previously opposed any mention of the Russian constitution in agreements."

Talks are going normal-Mr. Volsky told the ITAR-TASS news agency after a closed-door session adjourned Saturday evening. He said negoriators had been instructed to make no public statements because the press "distorted information on the course of talks."

Negotiations were to resume Sunday. Yeltsin sent thousands of troops into Chechenya in December to end the southern republic's independence drive. Thousands of people

have been killed. Despite a truce announced last month, sporadie fighting

(Continued on page 7)

### Indian returns from the dead to divinity NEW DELHI (AFP) — A 34-year-dold man returned to

his home in the Indian capital a day after he was "cre-mated," amazing his family and neighbours who pro-ceeded to deify him, police said Saturday. Ajay Chopra walked into his house, hours after his family had cremated a beggar look-alike thinking it was Ajaya, who had been missing for more than a month, a police spokesman said. Stunned neighbours poured into Ajay's home as news of his arrival spread. Many touched his feet, thinking be had arisen from the dead, while others offered coconuts, garlands, rice and money in worship, police investigation, however, revealed that the wrong man had been cremated. Ajay's family had escorted a beggar home Thursday thinking it was the missing man, police said. The beggar died after a sumptuous lunch, leading to "Ajay's cremation." "It was a case of mistaken identity," a case or misraken identity, a police officer said. Ajay is back with his family, and everyone is happy. However no one knows who the beggar was and why he died."

#### Indonesian attacks judge with egg

JAKARTA (R) — A man charged with insulting Presi-dent Suharto hurled an egg at a judge in Bandung courtroom and then snatched his gavel, the Jakarta Post reported Saturday. The newspaper said that while Judge Achmadi was reading reports of evidence gathered against Coky Yahya Runasia Arotnang, the defendant stood up and pelted him with an egg that had been concealed under his shirt. As the judge, who was presiding over the case friday, covered his face with his hands, the angry defendant grabbed his gavel and threw it down, the report said. "Lies, lies, lies... All the charges are lies. This is a frame up," Mr. Aritonang reportedly yelled. Two other judges present, Sudijgno and Simanjuntak, snatched their wooden names plats from the bench and fled, fearing the defendant might use them to assault Judge Achmadt, the report added.

### **Drug-crazed** man rapes, detains

2 women MANILA (AP) - A drugcrazed chauffeur raped two maids and then held them hostage early Friday in a posh neighbourhood near Manila's financial district. He surrendered to the mayor of Makati town after a tense 10-hour. hostage crisis. Alberto. Estrella, the driver of the widow of late Supreme Court Chief Justice Claudio. Teehankee, snapped after, one of the maids repeatedly. rebuffed his romantie advances, one of the maids said. At ahout 1:30 a.m., Mr. Estrella, armed with a hand; gun and a dagger, burst into the servants quarters of the household and forced himself on the two women, a maid identified only as Liselle told reporters. He fired his gun once to force us to open the door. Liselle said. Then he ordered us to undress and raped us. We were too afraid to resist. Liselle told reporters that Mr. Estrella had bene frustrated in his attempts to court the other maid, whom she only identified as Susie.

#### London palace gate-crasher freed pending hearing

LONDON (AFP) — A 21year-old student whose car crashed into the gates of Buckingham Palace, home of Queen Elizabeth II, was released by a London court until his case is brought on Aug. 18. John Gillard was charged with dangerous driving and causing damage of £511,000 (\$75,000) when his car hit the palace gates on Jan. 13. No members of the royal family were in the palace at the time. One of the gates toppled onto the car. but the driver who had just driven 380 kilometres (235 miles 1. from Wakefield. northern England, where he was a student, was not injured. Two psychiatrists ex-amined Mr. Gillard.

# 'Muslim nations defy Bosnia embargo'

built by Jordanian soldiers for the 7,000 Bosnian refugees

from Srebrenica, sheltered at Tuzla airport, was finished on

Saturday (AFP photo)

many of the members were

not journalists or had sup-ported the anti-defamation

The law, enacted at the

end of May, sets criminal penalties for a series of

vaguely defined offenses such

as publishing false or mali-

cious news that is de-

terimental to national in-

terests. Under the law. penal-

ties were increased to five

years imprisonment and a

20,000 pound (\$6,000) fine

from the previous law's three

months in jail and a 50-pound

The committee was to be-

gin its work Saturday night

and was expected to produce

a draft press law within three

CAIRO (AFP) - The 50 member nations of the Organisation of the Islamic Con-ference (OIC) will no longer abide by the international arms embargo on Bosnia. Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa said Saturday, The resolutions of the OIC

contact group on Bosnia on Friday frees the countries from the commitment not to send weapons to Bosnia," Mr. Musa said after returning to Cairo from Geneva, where he attended the OIC group

"Egypt considers the ban on sending arms lifted," he

But Mr. Musa added that the decision to start arming the Bosnians "depends on the Bosnian government and its needs. If it asks any Islamic or non-Islamic nation (for arms) that its is its business.

He added that the OIC contact group did not discuss "military questions," saying "but if the U.N. fails, then circumstances will be diffe-

Mr. Musa ruled out sending foreign troops to Bosnia, saying: "Experience has saying: "Experience has proved that an attack on the round is not effective. The Islamic position is to enable the Bosnians to defend themselves by raising the embar-

Mr. Musa criticised the results of an international conference in London on the crisis as "half solutions and partial decisions," because it would allow the Srebrenica and Zepa U.N. areas to fall to the Serbs.

He blamed Russia for "the divisions which appeared in London saying: Russia continues to help the Serbs and says the solution should be a diplomatic one, while letting the Serbs do what they are doing."

Earlier in an interview with Egyptian siate radio. Mr. Musa called on the Security Council to reaffirm that Sreh. renica and Zepa were still part of U.N.-declared protected areas.

Earlier. Egyptian Presi-dent Hosni Mubrak said an Islamic summit should be held in take firm decisions and mgasures" on the Bosnian crisis.

"An OIC summit should be held if necessary so that the world understand that there is an Islamic front capable of taking firm decisions and measures and that it has its contribution to make to the international situation.

# Oman poised to deploy South African guns

MUSCAT. Oman (AP) — Oman was reported Saturday to be poised to introduce 155mm self-propelled artillery guns acquired from South Africa. which is making a major push tn hoost trade with the Gulf tegion.

The sultanate's chief-ofstaff, Brigadier Khamees Bin Hameed Al Kalabani, made the disclosure in an interview with the daily Oman and said it was important to diversify Oman's arms purchases.

Britain bas traditionally been Oman's main arms supplier. But Brig. Kalabani said that the sultanate now gets weapons systems from the

United States and France as well "and will soon introduce the self-propelled 155mm gun made in South Africa. He said, without elabora-

tion, that Oman is also seeking to buy arms from other countries as well.

The oil-rich sultanate on the Arahian Peninsula's southeastern tip shares contrnl of the strategic Strait of Horniuz, gateway in the Gulf, with Iran.

Oman is the first Gulf state to admit that it has bought the Snuth African G-6, considered to he among the hest artillery pieces in the world.

155mm guns, have been sold to other Gulf states. But they have never identified

Illegal trade

Meanwhile it was revealed that South Africa's stateowned arms maker flouted U.N. embargoes and illegally sold weapons to countries engaged in civil war as late September 1994, a govern-ment report said Friday.

An independent commission of inquiry headed by Justice Edwin Cameron The South Africans have established that weanons shipments officially destined for Lehanon were illegally sold to Yemen in 1993 and 1994, despite civil war and a U.N. arms embargo on that

The strongly worded report accused the former apartheid government and weapons manufacturet Armscor of "systematic dis-regard for where its arms exports ended up. The commission. appointed by President Nel-

Mandela in October last

year to investigate all

Armscor weapons deals since

Fehruary 1990, exposed

South Africa's weapons in-

dustry to unprecedented scrutiny. The report brings to light

Armscor's use of frunt companies and foreign intermediaries to evade the U.N. arms emhargo against South Africa, imposed in the 1970s as a protest against white minority rule and lifted only The report recommended

the immediate dismissal of two top Armscor executives and legal action against a third. It also called for a thornugh review of arms trade policy, decision-making procedures, operational systems and control mechan-

isms.
The inquiry was sparked by an international outery when a shipment of AK-47 assault rifles, ammunition and other wgapnns destined for Lebunon turned up in Yemen dur-

ing the civil war last year. The commission heard that the deal with Lehanese arms middleman Elias Wazan. operating on behalf of Saudi Prince Anwar Al Shalaan, was put together by Armscor's former marketing head Marius Vermaak.

This case not isolated case. the report concluded. Prgvious Armseur consignments destined für Lehanon also

ended up in vemen and in the former Yugoslavia, before it fell into civil war in 1991. The commission's en-

quiries are not over. It will seek evidence of similar deals, possibly delving into reports that Armscor sold arms to Rwanda after its govgrament embarked on genocide against the Tursi minority last year. Armscor has denied the reports. South Africa was an arms

importer before the United Nations imposed an arms embargo in the 1970s as a protest against the apartheid system of white minority

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